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**In depth —**  
**Level 9's**  
**Red Moon**

## Commodore's Package deal

Commodore have announced details of six bundles aimed at the Christmas market, which will be available from October 1st and include packages for C128, C64, and Plus.

■ The C64 will be available complete with C128 cassette recorder and three games of software. The Secret Diary of Adrian Mole, Designers Model (Activision) and the Music Maker pack complete with overlay keyboard. Also included is a copy of the paperbook, The Growing Pains of Adrian Mole. The price of the complete package is £299.95 and Commodore's marketing manager, Chris Kaley, said: "You can play music, draw pictures and play games, it's designed to keep the whole family amused until well into the new year."

■ A second C64 package features the computer, a 1M40 disk drive and two games, Super Soccer and Exodus Ultima II, both from US Gold. The bundle will retail at £299.95.

■ A special peripheral package containing the 1M40 disk drive and a dot matrix printer for £299.95 will also be available. "It gives the C64 owner the choice to upgrade his machine or a substantial saving," said Chris Kaley.

The C128 has its own package along with a 1M40 disk drive at a cost of £449.

■ £500.00 Plus it's one to be sold through Lasky's, Games, Woolworths and Comet as part of a £599.95 package. The pack contains a Plus4 mouse, C128 cassette deck, joystick and a 10 pack of software.

■ A business pack based on the Plus4 comprising four drive printers and business software will retail at £299.95.

Limited numbers of the C128 are expected to be available sometime in October. Chris Kaley said the bundles



**Commodore plus4: One of a trio for Xmas**

been selling problems on the production line but these had been "ironed out". The current recommended retail price of the C64 is £125 and the usual street price of the C128 is around £299. "Our

marketing strategy is aimed at giving maximum value for money, and while our C64 computers we are trying to show that computers can be used for more than just games," commented Chris Kaley.

## Spanish Spectrum 128

The Spanish version of the Spectrum 128 has been officially unveiled at a Barcelona Computer Show but they are on plans to market a British version until Spring 1990.

Spectrum 128 are being built by Intertronics and may not be shown at the forthcoming E3 show.

Explaining the late a decision to tackle the Spanish market before introducing the 128 is home, Charles Cotton, director of sales and marketing for Intertronics said: "But because of the particular market forces in operation there, however, we must for half the home computer sales in Spain."

The launch of the 128 follows the

debut of the QL in Spain in April. Mr Cotton commented: "We may introduce the QL version until Spring of 1990."

"Current sales show that the 486, Spectrum and 1286 QL have never been more popular than they are now."

"The Spectrum Plus is providing the opposition force by a factor of three to four and the QL is also selling in record quantities at its new price of £399.95."

"We are confident we have the products the public wants this Christmas. A 1286, Spectrum doesn't fit into the UK picture just now."

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# MIRRORSOFT

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## Osprey winners

All the hard-eyed participants of Beaver Educational's Osprey competition can now release your names from those poor defenceless envelopes because the results are out!

The 30 lucky prize-winners hatched from our competitive incubator (it's as easy as the dust off the wind-pump alone) have to wait until all the returning bumper night-jacks of Beaver's educational traps — including, of course, Osprey, a conservation game that has got its posterior off that eagle from bird of prey.

There were five differences between the two groups of the Osprey doing his bit to keep the natural cycle going in the woods: all up a valence from a flapping hawk — oh, what it is to was (bowl).

The observed bird-spotting winners are as follows: D Richards, London NW, M Owen, Carmarthen, M Trueman, Poole, R Conchman, St Ives, P Collins, Umson, I Lamer, Mafford, R Storey, Kilmarnock, W Caldwell, Lorne, G Morris, Newcastle, H Lupton, Dordale.



## Volunteers wanted

The Royal National Institute for the Blind's Student Tape Library desperately requires volunteer readers to record books on computer tapes.

The library which is based in Islington is used by over a thousand blind people who need material recorded quickly for study and professional purposes.

Using their own recording equipment and compiling the tapes at home the readers supply a invaluable service. Anyone with a few hours to spare and a clear reading voice who is familiar with computer keyboard writing can offer their skills to the RNIB.

Student Tape Library, RNIB, Beville Ave., 240 Oak Grove Rd, London EC1R 7JL.

## Wales and Dragons

Dragons, it seems have a lot to commiserate with parents in that they occasionally refuse to rise to roost. A special Dragon-quest weekend is to be held at the Cwm Valley Wood, Llanfyllter from 25-27th October and will give all Dragons the chance to stand up and try out some new ones (book).



Welsh Water' Dragon

Problems such as the availability of software and technological developments can be discussed with local and software experts.

This Welsh homecoming weekend costs £20.00 members and should cost a few pence as well as going into the dinner to meet a few old flames.

Wales Tourist Board, Broad Hay, Llanfyllter Wood, Cardiff CF2 1UN.

## Hi-Tech Postie

There's good news for secondary schools who are using the Times Network System electronic mailbox facilities — you can now acquire an additional unit for £16 a year.

Now, in addition to the system, which is used primarily as communications between headteachers and various educational authorities, you can take advantage of the office period by giving letters themselves the mail for £1.00 per term and only one extra member will be available to each school.

Based on the Teletext Mail system, TNS is now used by over a 1000 schools and all local educational authorities. The system includes four mailing forms or high speed transfer of software with other material.

Re Times Network System, PO Box 7, 100 George Ave SE, London WC8N 5BZ.



New, newer, newest — the releases to watch in this week's round-up

# RELEASES

## Bits and Pieces

Sports simulations have become a fixture in the software charts and chart as more on the way.

- **Crossing Sports** are putting two simulations on one tape with **Spot The Ball** featuring Soccer on one side and snooker on the other. The cassette for the Atari costs \$9.95.

- Soccer will also be on the BBC file menu that as now that Cross are set to release **March Day**, a football simulation that can be played with the keyboard or joystick. March Day will cost at \$9.95.

- **Frank Brown's Snooker** is being converted for the C64 and will cost £3.95 and £11.95 for the disc version.

- Among the titles being converted to the Amstrad by New Generation Software is **Black Bertrapping**, a game which will be available early in October. Also heading for the Amstrad are **Truckman** and **Truck** with **Truckman** due for release in mid of October and **Truck** in November respectively. New Generation will also release a new C64 game called **March** on 16th of December. **March** by Geoff Swaine it will be a fast and furious adventure featuring an alien lord in pursuit of magical power.

- A third title in the **Truckman** series will be released in January and pair for the Spectrum and Amstrad called **Truckman Goes Moonlighting** in which **Truckman** undertakes a number of black economy escapades to make ends meet.

- Two simulations on the Sparklers badge label have been released. Each compilation contains four games and costs £7.95. The Spectrum package comprises, **One Attack**, **Stargate**, **Tomato of Evil** and **Bliss Bazaar**. On the C64 bundle can be found, **Sleepy**, **Black Hawk**, **Bliss Bazaar** and **One Attack**.

- **Super Scramble** has been re-released at a budget price by New Generation Software, the C64 game formerly £9.95 now costs £3.95.

- **Van Vindoor**, which was to have been released by New Generation Software in November at stated in last week's HCW is now to be released in March 1988 in connection with the new TV series.

- **Monstrous's Boudierbach** is re-released with an Amstrad version on one side of the cassette and an Atari version on the other, price £9.95.

## SPARKLERS SPECIAL



## SPARKLERS SPECIAL



## SPOT THE BALL





## SOFTWARE

### Donald Duck's Playground

Walt Disney Productions have a reputation for high quality products and this first foray into the world of computer software will not upset that reputation one iota. The graphics are produced to as high a standard as one might expect from the kings of cartoons, and the game concept combines education and fun in a highly professional way.

Here, Disney and Lucas want Uncle Donald to build them a playground and a project like this needs financing and first the money must be earned.

In Donald Duck's town the main street has three shops on one side and four with places on the other. Jobs can be undertaken in any order and as many times as the child wishes. The jobs involved are: loading hayracks into the various tractors by matching the colour letter destination tags of McQuack Airlines, courting the pouter on the Amnuck Railway so that a train can reach as many destinations as possible in the time allowed, placing tags on the correct shelves in the toy shop, catching flies and wasps in the produce market and storing them in the correct boxes.

Each job needs a different skill. The railway game is a test of logic, the trains have letter recognition, shape and pattern matching is relied on in the toy shop, and hand-to-eye co-ordination in the produce market. On entering any of these buildings the child must first choose how long the job will last and this can be up to eight minutes duration.

After each stage comes payday when the money earned is distributed as wages and costs to the correct jobs and the savings total increased.

When the child thinks that enough money has been earned

he can start constructing the playground. To do this means a visit to each of the shops. Inside we meet either Mickey Mouse, Minnie or Goofy who have catalogues of their stock of playground equipment.

Up to 12 items may be chosen as long as there is enough cash available and a certain amount of planning must go into this stage to ensure that each of the three floors of the playground can be accessed by a ladder. When an item is selected, the child is asked to count out the money to pay for it from the money pile, and if the price cannot be exactly matched the correct amount of change has to be chosen from the till.

All of the voices in the game are captured in high resolution graphics and even Donald's voice has been synthesised for the produce market scene. If he drops a fruit or vegetable he has a typically Donald-like tantrum, quacking away furiously.

As an educational package this one is difficult to beat because it demands the co-operation of so many skills on the part of the player. Typically American in its optimistic concepts, it can teach our many-level youngsters lessons about the world of work (if such a world still exists when the child grows up).

The documentation goes up as length as the fact that the game is so complex that the use of dollars and cents has been removed instead of converting the game to our recent currency and currencies (should say, "if money learning never fails, introducing children at an early age in other people's culture"). I feel this is probably marketing hype and also the real reason is tight copyright controls. A first rate deal is struck and price variation would be most undesirable in this country's schools but for me this deal can detract from the high standards set by the game. E.D.

Price: £8.95 (tape)  
£14.95 (disk)

Publisher: US Gold

Address: Unit 10, The Parkway  
1st Cln, Marlowe St, Basing-  
stoke ST4 4LY



### The Professional Touch: Magic

A tape and book package to let you do a few trade secrets of magicians and give you a little education-by-magic at the same time. The well-written and nicely illustrated book gently leads you through the background, then launches into an enormous number of tricks showing you not only how to perform them, but also how to make your props. They range from simple to sophisticated, but are all quite convincing. That you can go for The Incredible Balloon, Multiplying Money, Eggs from Nowhere, The Tale of Mystery, Mindreading's Cards, and Vanishing Coins, and learn a few tricks of the trade for increasing the quality of your performance.

The accompanying software presents cards which use the computer as part of your paraphernalia. Divided into sections, you can select your tricks, learn how to use them, receive hints and tips, sequence the tricks you have selected together with appropriate music, then use your Spectrum not only as a helper, but as the means whereby the routines are stored and played too. It has to be said, however, that some of the tricks really don't need a computer, and might be just that bit more impressive if performed by a mere mortal.

Unlike many other supposedly educational software packages, this one is very well produced with smooth scrolling graphics, decent font spacing, and, would you believe, the built-in facility to save the lot to Microdrive. Please cope this one carefully! D.M.

Price: £8.95

Publisher: Macmillan

Address: 4 Little Essex Street,  
London WC2R 3LP

064



SPECTRUM







### Amber

This is a wargame conceived from the Spectrum, which features maps looking up to and including the "Dragon Two Part" episodes of World War II. The detailed manual is particularly for the Spectrum with the great notes for the Amstrad version. There are one or two amendments as a result, and though it's clear that a very real attempt has been made to provide full instructions, I still found them confusing.

The whole operation can be played in two options, either over an hour, or one, but with one hour more parts, and the results would be huge. The operation of the screen scrolls over the map, the symbols being much easier to see than on the Spectrum, but some strange choices of colours for the reports and some symbols could read misleading problems. Indeed, if you have a green screen, then many features are obscured.

The objectives for each action are given in the manual, and it's up to you to deploy your troops most effectively. This is done through icons, where you must order to each of the symbolised military units. The computer moves them for you, and responds with its own actions. Reports are available on the results of your deployment. Then the scenario starts to take on form, just if you like the idea, you'll find a very absorbing.

I'm not a historian, but a wargame fan and describes the Spectrum version as brilliant, so with the superior clarity of the Amstrad, you can't go wrong.

R.M.

Price: £9.95

Publisher: CCS

Address: 14 Langton Way, London SE23 3TL

AMSTRAD



### Banana Man / Secret Sam I

This cassette takes value for money to extremes, as a single game and an adventure for £1.50, unbeatable.

Banana Man is the hero of the first game, to keep him satisfied he must drive 40 banana sandwiches every minute. The sandwiches appear randomly scattered around a large grid, sandwiches are eaten by simply jumping onto the same square. Should you eat the wrong kind of sandwich, however, within the time limit, then the remaining time is used to calculate bonus points.

Other bonus points can be obtained by making, pulled because in making killed the cat? However, come in the form of spiders, which should not be stepped upon, and called blue blocks which may surround our hero, making things tricky.

The game is fast, fun, and colourful, and I reached level six at my first attempt!

The second game of the cassette is an adventure game called Secret Sam I. The game is set in the shady London food type world of espionage and intrigue.

Secret Sam is a man with a mission. Some psychopaths are about to discover an atomic bomb and it's your job to stop him. The bomb can only be made safe by inserting four sensitive keys, which you must find.

The adventure is absolutely bristled with lots of items. Some are death sequences, but for some reason I never seem to escape in the end of time. One word of warning — don't forget to eat your orders once you have read them, failure to do so could prove hazardous.

The cassette could be the best £2.50 that you have ever spent with, but it

R.M.

Price: £2.50

Publisher: Blue Ribbon Software

Address: Silver Hill, Silver St, Hove, Sussex, S1 2YR

BBC



### Traffic

Ever feared doing traffic duty in the centre of London at rush hour? If so this is the game for you! You are given a bird's eye view of a section of city streets and have to keep the traffic moving. Straight away, doesn't it? Well a bit!

All you have to do is to change the traffic lights at each junction to prevent tailbacks. Numbers on the screen give you an indication of how long the queues are. Just like a real life situation are important, keep them waiting too long and they'll sound their horns and get angry! To emphasize matters some of them want to turn across the flow of traffic so you have to clear a path for them. There is a point scoring system, depending upon the size of the vehicle — a heavy bus for example counts more than a car — and points are deducted for length of queues form. Score enough points and you are promoted to a more difficult part of the city.

The title page is immediately appealing with the bus chugging on the background. It is obvious that a great deal of thought has gone into the presentation of the program. The graphics are excellent and the traffic sounds add realism and atmosphere to the proceedings. There is a great screen space. You need a joystick to manipulate the traffic lights. All in all a comprehensive and enjoyable game. Thoroughly recommended.

A.W.

Price: £9.95

Publisher: Amsoft

Address: 149 Sygne Rd, Brentwood, Essex CM14 4EP

AMSTRAD



★★★★★

Flipped



★★★★★

Hooked



★★★★★

Keen



★★★★★

Yawning



★★★★★

Comatose



### Villain

End up with taking alone? Try this one for size. You play the part of a rather athletic thief who spends much of his time running away from PC Plus. Each screen involves running 1000 yards, collecting points and jumping obstacles.

Before each screen, you must run 200 yards in less than 10 seconds (just your best) and Jeanne Owens). This is achieved by shooting your pistols from side to side as fast as possible (there's auto sprint, you are pursued by red and white coppers and if you go too slowly, he catches you).

Each main screen is smaller. You can observe the need to through the joystick by detaching bombs which contains the thief's admittance (your self). Programme screens give further obstacles to jump and you collect points by reaching areas of ring.

The running effect is achieved by scrolling the background from left to right. The figures are large space-like characters (even as such fully pleated in the middle of the screen). The use of colour and animation is excellent.

This is the most challenging VIC game I've met in a long time and it shows how much can be achieved on the VIC (as it is, 200) with some thought and imagination. **A.P.**

Price: £5.00

Publisher: Interceptor Media

Address: London, Hx, The Green, Tedley, Hants



### V-Notch

This is an unusual filing program in that it can only be used for indexing, not for loss of different information.

The reason for its name is that it is a computerized version of a real card filing system. Each card has 32 numbered holes at the edge, and a corresponding heading, for example, in a photograph index the first hole may represent "monochrome", the second "colour" and so on. If that card represents a colour photo, a V-shaped notch is cut between the second hole and the card edge. If all the cards are put together, and a pin put through hole number two, all the cards representing colour photos will drop out.

As a computer version, V-Notch is quite elegant. It is written mostly in BASIC but works reasonably fast and is presented pretty judiciously. The manual is comprehensive and covers most problems, although I found it confusing at first. At the back of the book are extra program routines in type as for full size printer output and to save the whole program to microdrive. I think there should have been options from the menu program, although at present it is satisfactory.

I have a few reservations. I think it is going to be too limited for many people as you can't use it for filing addresses or anything like that. It's also rather pricey. But if you think it meets your needs, quite a good buy. **P.S.**

Price: £12.95

Publisher: Transform

Address: 20 West Oak, Beckenham, Kent BR3 1JF.



### Chemistry

A double cassette at a library cost, covers atomic structure and bonding, the periodic table, formulae and equations, chemical deductions, chemical apparatus (some programs), acids, bases and salts and organic chemistry (five programs).

All the programs are packed at the GCSE level (C.C.E., C.S.E. and G.C.S.E. standard and are intended to support the students' formal study course.

In my view, the first useful book in the field, concerning atomic structure and bonding. The student is required to fill in gaps in blocks of text relating to the topics. The higher levels of difficulty are implemented by the program leaving more gaps. I do feel that the technique of all different additional value and that in most cases, or some minor details, this would degenerate into a guessing game, with little knowledge retention. Having said that, the remaining user programs are useful and thought provoking.

You can get an early idea of chemistry by simply knowing the periodic table and the common properties of the

various groupings. Program two does the table and asks you to position the name over the boxes where particular elements reside and there is an option to raise the knowledge to electronic configuration. Given this knowledge, coupled with a knowledge of bonding, the bright student could deduce a whole range of reactions and properties for most elements. A very interesting and useful program.

I also liked the approach in terms of explanation, in which the student actually assembles the glucose on screen, rather like a jigsaw puzzle and it then required to label it, adding the chemical equation for the reaction in various transitions with proper subscripts. The use of 13 different gases is opened and you can now differentiate your results from your Lodge's Condenser.

I feel that the package would definitely be of benefit to GCSE level student and perhaps a future edition of the package could adopt a more visual/imaginative approach to structure and bonding, but this is a minor reservation in an otherwise useful work of program. **M.R.**

Price: £11.50

Publisher: Charles Letts & Co Ltd

Address: Dairy Hse, Barnhill Rd, London SW15 2JW

VIC-20



SPECTRUM



BBC  
ELECTRON





### 3D Stunt Rider

"Experience the thrill and risks of professional stunt riding in the safety of your machine!" goes the advertising poster. I put on the old racing leathers, hit outside my 750 cc model, and started the Amstrad (something I have been tempted to do) and roared away. In fact, I started would perhaps be a better description in this game as you go on to set the software chain alight.

Jumping buses is the name of the game and as the past you are presented with a 3D view of the roadway leading up to the ramp. Accelerating away (on keyboard or joystick) you attempt to reach an optimum speed by the time you reach the bottom of the ramp. The scores then change to a scale on top of the jump as you hopefully fly over the buses and onto the ramp on the other side.

The game has a number of levels, one successful jump on one level takes you on to the next. The levels simply progressed in the number of buses that you have to jump and that the number of points awarded — on my first attempt, five buses. I pushed the speed before take off up to 90 mph, thinking that this is the sort of speed needed for clearing a few double deckers and sailed over the buses, the ramp and much of the following ramp. Careful experimentation and a number of attempts later, I found that my ideal take off speed is around 20 mph!

Every level rewards an additional five buses and around an extra 10-20 mph of speed to clear them. I managed to reach level 9 and career images then bring many levels after this as I was (wasting) the one on approach and only just reached the ramp. A nice game with good graphics (I liked the unusual hand-cranked revving the (cheerio) but lacking the options and challenge to make a playable for more than a couple of hours and certainly not justifying the high price tag.

C.G.

Price: £1.95

Publisher: Amstrad

Address: Barnwood Way, 148 Kings Rd, Barnwood, Gloucester

AMSTRAD



## VIEWS



### Woodbury End

Shards, reasonably well-known for their educational programs and adventures, released this "discontinued adventure" for the home PCW show. I've already seen a couple of their earlier adventures, most notably Pottogrow's Diary, and was expecting something a little more interesting than was delivered.

As is usual in these cases, the background documentation provided all sorts of goodies like an "integrated illustrated novel" and "the first genuinely original software... since Elia" — well, we usually try to document type like that, but I was intrigued. Working in a deserted room, unable to move and with no memory I soon found the broken glass, set the room burning and removed the beautiful everything on the floor leading into the theme of a peaceful village plagued by mysterious events. The plot is detailed, extended like an absorbing version of John Wyndham and Nigel Kneale and I'm a sucker for those "things aren't quite what they seem under the surface" scenarios. Sadly, none of it appeared

The discarded text there, scattered illustrated portions of small pictures of some objects, when you find them, and the associative suggestion means (I think) that you're sitting at the keyboard typing it in. No marks for originality either — expected software will soon get bored and the scores will get increasingly frustrated by the program's inability to recognize keys in own limited vocabulary. Frankly, I gave up long before the real time score became impossible, the clock never started clearing monotonously or I finally solved the mystery of the missing children, the villagers with rather alien appearances, etc. What possessed Shards to claim that as the best thing since this is probably the only mystery worth investigating.

There is, however, a prize of the only pointing for the best score — at least I believe so, as the prize money given the clearing date as 19th June 1981 and the game is only released in September. More temporal distance at work. For bored machines only — especially Electron ones as they show some responsiveness that machine may be a little slow.

B.R.

Price: £1.95

Publisher: Shards Software

Address: 149 Elm Rd, Blandford, Dorset BH1 2AG

BBC

ELECTRON



### Talos

The English countryside has become a battlefield, only the Crown of Britain will retain eternally. Also, the Crown has been located in a hidden vault and the only hope of reclaiming it rests on the robot, Talos, who has been searched into every penny and sustained across the land.

His hand is left, only tapping its fingers. You control it and must cover the two-handed screen (and while for the rest of the body. Only when Talos has been rebuilt can the Crown be liberated.

If Talos collides with any of the enemy forces, his energy is diminished. Thirdly, they don't appear immediately a screen is entered. Talos dies when his energy runs out. A ball, known as Talos' life ball, enters if you spend too long in a screen.

If you discover part of Talos' body that can't yet be fixed on you can drop his weapon and use a compass to find it later.

As well as fields, there are a number of ponds, which can be investigated to reveal fish, water wheels and, hopefully, part of the robot's body. Crystals are scattered, including signs and other objects forming the countryside, and the navigation is very smooth.

The restoration is clear and informative, a welcome change from those games that expect you to discover everything.

Although it is a similar type of game to Ace Attorney, Talos is more than just another clone, and makes for an interesting and challenging game. S.A.E.

Price: £1.95

Publisher: Silversoft

Address: Unit TD, Kempal, Tal Corporation's Rd, London E15

SPECTRON





### Hyper Sports

This is a collection from Konami's arcade game of the same name which has been available for MSX computers for some time now.

Personally I prefer the MSX version to this one but despite that I still rate the game very highly which says a lot for the quality of the program.

There are six sporting events within the program and gaining more stars is achieved before the next event can be entered. This is unfortunate, I would prefer to be able to practise on individual games or to be able to change the order of events.

The events are swimming, shot, shooting, long jump, archery, triple jump and weight lifting. A fair spread, I think.

Swimming is a waste of your joystick since there is a numerical keyboard option. Obviously your athlete must breathe and passing the life buoy achieves this only if his head is above water at the time.

Base or shot games demand a more test of accuracy than stamina. The two gun games are automatically entered onto the firing line and the gun fires when you move the life buoy's gun left or right depending on which angle you choose. The targets come thick and fast giving little time for a reasoned decision as you must rely on instinct to aim you through.

This run up to the long jump is computer controlled but the player must press fire to make

him jump onto the springboard. And press again when the athlete reaches the vertical handrail position on the beam. Then more wiggling is called for to make him perform as many aerial manoeuvres as possible before landing. Once landing is not straight forward. He must land on his feet to score highly.

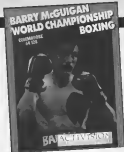
Archery is very enjoyable and requires a high degree of timing. Firstly, you must release the arrow at the moving target allowing for a given windward. Then you must hold the fire button for long enough to make an adjustment of about five degrees.

Triple jumping is similar to the long jump competition. Run up is automatic and fire is pressed to initiate the jump. Then at each part of the hop, step and jump, soles is pressed, the launch must be held to give an elevation of all degrees.

Finally, your athlete's weight-wrapping controls the power of the lift and, when the time is right, pressing the fire button gives the final push to raise the weights over the athlete's head. You must continue wiggling until all three judges give you the green light.

As you can see the games appeared in their approach and each one has a different range of skills. The graphics maintain the high quality of the original games with the athlete responding to the results of his labour in suitable fashion. I think Konami will be very pleased with this conversion. I know that I am.

RJB



### Barry McGuigan World Championship Boxing

Yet another boxing simulation which relies on a big name to help it sell. This time it's Barry McGuigan in Activision's corner and characteristically it is not merely a boxing match.

One or two players can enjoy the fun of ring from being a new professional, through contender, to a crack at the championship against Barry McGuigan himself (or at least his computer counterpart).

At the beginning of the game you can select your boxer determining nationality or named appearance, colour of hair, style of boxing and, of course, his name.

Then you can opt for being a new pro or a contender, the result of which determines where you go to the trainer. You can then choose to fight one of the two boxes above you or the one below in rank. This choice determines how difficult the fight will be for you.

On making your decision you are shown the vital statistics of the selected boxer and given the chance to change your mind if you wish.

Assuming that the challenge is accepted you must then train your boxer by devoting training time at various angles to build up strength and stamina according to how many weeks remain before the fight commences.

The view is a lateral view of the match as on Allgame's Knockout. The movements of

the fighters are controlled by the computer according to the style of boxing chosen but the punches are selected by the player.

For this you need a joystick and there are two main types of punches available, inside and outside. The difference being that inside means fighting at close quarters where hooks, crosses and uppercuts are available, and outside means some length fighting using jabs and crosses.

Each boxer has a stamina value, which reduces as blows are exchanged, a man taking more than this tally takes a hit and the more explosive male punches being the most thingy if the tally falls below 10 a knock down is imminent, possibly even a knockout.

At the end of each round a chart is displayed which shows the condition of the two boxers. This gives endurance, stamina, strength and agility as a percentage of full status. From this you can gauge your strategy for the next round, attack or defence.

Each boxer has ten rounds and a points decision will be given if a knockout does not occur within this time.

The two player game varies from the single player game because you cannot define your boxer. Instead each player selects a fighter from the starting roster table and a two corner battle ensues.

As a simulation of boxing this is about as close as you'll get to the real thing and let's face it, it's about as close as any of us want to be.

RJB

Price £19.95

Publisher: Imagica

Address: 6 Canal St, Manchester



Price £9.95

Publisher: Activision

Address: 32 Hurley House, Marlborough Rd, Reading Park, London

Price £9.95

Publisher: Activision

Address: 32 Hurley House, Marlborough Rd, Reading Park, London



## The Way Of The Exploding Fist

Many games found in the arcade make the transition to home computer software. Unfortunately, a large proportion of these arcade copies fall well below the original quality. Thankfully, *Way Of The Exploding Fist* is not one of these.

Based around the popular King Fu games, Melbourne House's version for the Amstrad is graphically excellent. The chunky fighting characters, feet, torso, head, back and punch with great detail. I particularly like the expression of pain, rage, agony on the floor of the victim when he is caught by a perfect power-kicking wheel.

Under keyboard or joystick control, you may can perform all different moves from blocking to backwards and forwards kicks. Many of the arcade games feature two joystick so it was quite an achievement to get all the moves onto one joystick. The control of the character is tremendous — within an hour I felt that I had complete control of my man and the wide range of moves available.

Two (left) 30 second bouts with either a second player or a computer-controlled opponent. If you manage to obtain a winning score of two perfect hits or four computers hits then you win and progress on to another fight. Usually two wins are enough to move you up a class (the martial art's measure of achievement), though the competency of the computer-controlled opponent seems to get better and I think it is very difficult to get past fourth or fifth class. If a win is not achieved at the end of the bout, then the referee gives a decision what way.

There are four different backdrops, all very oriental in design. I found the game much fun to play particularly with a human in the second player or the computer becoming a little predictable. All in all, a very entertaining game that should make it to the top of the Amstrad charts. CAG.

Price: £9.95

Publisher: Melbourne House

Address: Melbourne House, Castle Yd House, Castle Yd, Richmond TW9 1B 4TP



## Adventure Pack

The saying goes "you get what you pay for", and that certainly applies to the package from Microdeal. The pack contains three fine adventures, *Whodunnit*, *Ultimate* and *Castle Dracula*. They are all straight conversions from programs which appeared on the Dragon 32. Each has been done in to improve them, although we have heard that the *Ultimate* key to provide consistently used commands.

*Castle Dracula* and *Whodunnit* follow the usual rules around, collect items and solve the puzzle. There is — although the puzzle was a little bit on the ground — they even have means. In *Castle Dracula*, you play the part of one of those Van Helsing, who very fondly loves his wife during the night, I'm sure I don't have to fill in the rest of the plot. There is little atmosphere to the adventures, with location descriptions limited to one or two sentences, and only a very few puzzles. On the whole I found it rather boring.

*Whodunnit* occupies a little better, although descriptions are still at times. The aim is the second adventure is to find the legendary Golden Horseshoe. To do this you must wander around the isolated town of Whodunnit collecting items in a specific order whilst trying to deal with various warts, gnomes, ghosts and other minded devils, to name a few. There is more to think about in *Whodunnit* than in *Castle Dracula*, and there are even rarer types of houses.

One thing that I found disturbing about both the above games was the need to chat to

full unexcited bystanders to reach your objectives. Van Helsing is turned into a victim of his own kind. In *Whodunnit*, and your character in *Whodunnit* would make Kumbi quack! I think most people would prefer to see that was in an adventure, not the point and of a gun.

Finally we come to *Ultimate*, which is the from of *The Adventure* involves buying items in a list to attract locations to find even hidden treasure, which you then return to the market to collect a reward. There is some small interest in discovering how small certain items, but in some questions — the marketplace in the marketplace for treasure — but the more you sell the more you can make more profit — I think you need to find the treasure about four times to do this — and with no one seeing the money is definitely not for me.

All three adventures are under seven and seem like excellent value. However looks can be deceiving, all three are dated and are written in 1980s prose. Microdeal claim that the programs are aimed at the 10 year olds who would be able to look into the program and learn from them — a bit like Coleridge's own story. Unfortunately, as in *Castle Dracula* did prove an advantage as I could get around the bugs in two of the programs, *Castle Dracula* and *Ultimate*. There have now been corrected, although any bugs bought at the PC-W show will contain duff tapes and should be returned to Microdeal for replacement. D.A.B.

Price: £6.95

Publisher: Microdeal

Address: 41 Trent Rd, St Austell, Cornwall PL26 5TE



## Narrow Squeaks

The problem with children's games is that they are often classed as educational when, in fact, they are an entire educational time waste machine. At least Melbourne House avoided this pitfall with their adaptation of the popular children's television programme *Corn and Cheep*.

For those who may not have met this dynamic duo before, *Corn* is a worm and *Cheep* is a chick. In the game they friends *Henry*, *Mole* and *Hedgehog* feature in a battle against *Corn*, *Rat* and *Cat*. There are actually four pleasantly unusual games on the tape: *Cheep's Game*, *Corn's Game*, *Rat's Game* and *Cat's Game*.

*Cheep's Game* involves collecting washing up and washing it at the side of the screen. When the last item is placed in the pile the whole column crashes to the floor waking *Corn* from his slumber.

*Corn* then takes a small bit is covered by *Corn* and his game begins. *Corn's game* is like a usual form of *Angry Birds*. Each of the creatures move horizontally in a fixed pattern and the player has to indicate when the pellets change.

Next, *Rat* has cornered the animals in a tree hollow and *Hedgehog* has to protect them from *Rat* and guide them to the exit.

The final game shows *Cat* floating on his back during a flood. The rat animals have taken refuge on floating logs and *Corn* must upon these and knock them into the water. The only control in all of these games is achieved by pressing any key, including the joystick. The button. Most of the games are fairly difficult to master but success is rewarded by a score sheet which reveals a section of a picture, depending on how well you did in the last round. E.D.

Price: £5.95

Publisher: Melbourne Software  
Address: 4 Little Eden St, London WC2

AMSTRAD



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The three sets have a combined retail value of £150. The Robotix sets have also been recognised as having a value in teaching the rudiments of computing as the robots can be interfaced with micro.

The Robotix sets were used in the advanced sponsored Micro Electronics Education program to teach school children the basics of control technology. But above all these sets are great fun and if you win

a winner they will have all your other toys standing.

## How to enter

• Study the two diagrams — there are a number of differences between them. Circle the differences on the entry form and seal the marked diagrams with the entry coupon as an envelope. Remember to write clearly the number of differences you found on the back of the envelope.

• Post your entry to Robotix Competition, Home Computing Weekly, No 1 Galsion Square, London W8J 5AB. Entries close at first post on Friday 23 October 1983.

• You may enter as many times as you wish, but each entry must be on an official coupon — not a copy — and sealed in a separate envelope.

• **Important:** please follow carefully the guidelines on returning — enclose the coupon and return in envelopes with no numbers on the back cannot be considered. If you are a winner, the coupon will be used as a label to send your prize, so clear writing is essential.

## The rules

- Entries will not be accepted from employees of either Bentley Ltd, Apple Computers, Philips, Texas and Sharp Electronics Ltd. This restriction also applies to employees of Bentley and Apple of the companies.
- The three to enter entries forms part of the rules.
- The winner's decision is final and no correspondence can be entered into.

## Robotix Competition

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Address \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

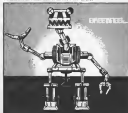
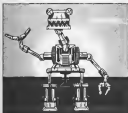
\_\_\_\_\_

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post code \_\_\_\_\_

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Remember, both sets will be shown a circle the number of differences you always find. Please do not enter if you have found more than 10 differences. Please do not enter if you have found more than 10 differences. Please do not enter if you have found more than 10 differences. Please do not enter if you have found more than 10 differences.



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## P E R I P H E R A L

*Although the  
Amstrad CPC464  
has been with us  
for a year now  
there have been  
few sideways ROMs  
produced to date.  
Micro Power are  
trying to put this to  
rights*

When the Amstrad computers were designed, they were built with the ability to accept sideways ROMs. Sideways ROMs are chips which can contain other languages, utility programs, wordprocessors, in fact any program at all. These can be accessed from BASIC via one of the Amstrad's bar commands, or they can even be used instead of BASIC. The beauty of these ROM board programs is that they can be accessed instantly at any time.

It has been the BBC computer's ability to use such ROMs that has been one of its main strengths. Unfortunately Amstrad did not see fit to equip the computer with any sideways ROM sockets as standard. This financial potential has therefore been dormant until now. Micropower, a company with many years experience with the BBC computer, have just released their "Super Power sideways ROM card".

This little grey box, which has the same dimensions as the Amstrad disc interface, can contain up to seven 8K or 16K



ROMs. The back half of the case is a push-fit panel and therefore is easily removed to give quick access to the ROMs. With the back removed you are faced with a row of seven 28 pin ROM sockets. These are labelled A to G from left to right and should ideally be filled up in this order.

Fitting the ROMs is quite straightforward, each ROM has a small notch in one end which should be at the top of the card when the ROM is in place. The only thing to beware of when fitting each ROM is that all of the 28 legs go into their respective holes in the socket. It is easy to push the ROM loose with one or more of its legs bent underneath the chip. With the ROM in place all that's left to do is slip a shorting link over one pair of addressing pins which are located below the ROM sockets. Fortunately these give the user the option of powering up to a ROM other than BASIC, providing that the ROM present in socket 0 is a foreground ROM. This may all appear a little confusing but it is thoroughly explained in the excellent accompanying manual.

With the ROMs inserted and the addressing links set, the ROM card is ready to be fitted onto the expansion bus at the rear of the machine. A further edge connector is supplied on the rear of the card to allow for the fitting of a disc interface or some other peripheral.

As with a peripheral it not much use without any ROMs to play with it. Micropower have released two sideways ROMs for use with the card. The first of these ROMs contains a marking list and club membership program. This ROM is essentially a database which has been tailored to meet the requirements of businesses and clubs.

The program is called up using the bar command itself, at which point the user is presented with the main menu. The 110 options can be accessed via the numeric keypad or by pressing the control key plus the numeral lower of the option. Unfortunately the use of the numeric keypad for option selection means that all numeric data has to be entered using the numbers which run along the top row of the keyboard.

Ctrl+E or Function key G,







allows the user to edit the data entry option. The screen is divided into several distinct sections, the first of these being the label data window. Any information entered in this area will appear on the address label when it is printed. Data such as name, address, membership no., and customer no. should therefore be entered in this screen.

The next area is available for the entry of any data which is relevant to the customer but which you wouldn't want appearing on the label, e.g. their phone number or whether or not they are prompt payers. Finally the entry can be classified under one or more user definable headings. In the case of club membership these could be type of membership (junior, adult, family) or the month in which they joined or whether or not they had paid their subscription. In fact you can assign up to 20 such classes, these can then be used to retrieve records selectively, either on the screen or as printed labels.

The label can be used for making club news letters or sending sales literature to selected customers. With the help of a both printing and graphics it is most economical to send your literature to customers who are likely to be interested in your product. Besides one of the classification system you can print address labels for these selected few.

The other options on the main menu are concerned with the filing and manipulating of the database. They include string search routines, the printing of labels or labels and data, altering system parameters (page/page colour etc.).

The program is capable of

holding over 100 entries in RAM at any one time. As this may prove limiting to some businesses, the data can be saved as two or more separate files which will then be treated as one large file when carrying out printing and searching operations.

The reading bit ROM is supplied with an excellent manual, which contains both a reference section and a step by step guide on screen which leads you gently through the program. If this was not enough there is even an on screen help system which describes each option as it is selected, this can be switched off by pressing the escape key.

The Reading bit/Club membership ROM is a very powerful but friendly piece of firmware. The fact that it is ROM based makes it even more attractive due to its infinite accessibility and the large amount of user RAM available therefore.

The second of the two ROMs is designed to improve a standard address ROM with those club users who wish to get the most from their drive. The ROM is known as DiscPower and is installed using the two command file.

I have often found in the past that using a utility ROM such as this can be almost as educational as it is functional. There is a certain satisfaction in knowing how your programs are stored on disc. The knowledge can be very useful when you have done something silly, such as erasing a valuable file. The first screen of the manual is written with such care in mind. It contains a full explanation of how files are stored in a CP/M based system, and also how to recover accidentally erased files quickly and simply.

The first option on the menu

displays the file directory, this can be edited and revised if necessary. The next two options are concerned with reading files or parts of files from disc. The "Read disc sector" option allows the user to specify the track and sector numbers of the part of the disc to be examined. The information is displayed in tabular form, with the data being presented in both hexadecimal and ASCII. The "Read disc file" displays the same consecutive sections of a single file. Those of you who are familiar with the way the CP/M stores its files will appreciate this facility.

Option four is the "Read ROM" facility, this lists all of the ROMs present in the machine. The ROM to be examined is selected by use of the cursor keys. Once the ROM has been selected the first 1k of the ROM is loaded into a buffer at 0A000 and the memory values entered. By use of option 7 the user can disassemble any machine code which has been loaded into the buffer, this includes any ROMs.

The memory search routine is both comprehensive and easy to use. The search string can be either a sequence of bytes or ASCII characters. Selection must be anchored between quotes or / characters, the / character will check for both upper and lower case occurrences of the string. The string can also contain a wildcard character. Upon finding the target string a page list of the value options is displayed.

Option 8 calls up a separate address menu, this contains several routines which work along with Address a little more basic. Data can be formatted or backed up without having to resort to using CP/M "Disk copy" will probably

display the whole contents of the disc, whereas "Disk map" will show where each block of one particular file is located in every display file which have been created but not yet overwritten. A read/write file option allows the user to read a complete file into memory whilst displaying such information as file type, length, and load address. The write routine can be used to write any block of memory to disc under a filename, the user must specify start address, end address, execution address, and file type.

In the couple of days that I have been using the ROM I have come to depend upon it. The availability of such ROM based utilities, make what is already an excellent computer even better! **A.R.**

**Publisher:** Micropower Ltd

Address: Sheepen Hill, Shepperton St South, Leeds LS1 1AD

**Super Power  
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**Price: £20.00**



**Super Power  
Stacking 4 in ROM**

**Price: £20.00**



**Super Power 8 in Users  
Utilities ROM**

**Price: £20.00**



# BUMPER DUMPER

**This save and load procedure for the BBC from Colin Parbery will save you valuable disc space**

Saving screen dumps on the BBC screen is a simple process using "SAVE" (only 3 on IV) where an is HIMEM and it is ATFFF the top of the video RAM, but at 20K each in MITHIB, 1 and 2 you can only save five to one 800K disc and if you want a program on the same disc to display the screen dumps then you are limited to four.

This new screen dump procedure will save disc space on most screen dumps but it depends what is on the screen. The procedure does this by only saving the coloured parts of the

**Variables**  
**Loading Procedure**  
**address%** initial screen location  
**start\_address%** start address of a block of colour  
**end\_address%** end address of a block of colour  
**content%** added to start\_address% until it equals the end\_address%  
**file%** contains the changed number of the file that is being saved  
**old%** name of the file that is to be loaded

screen and by saving just the beginning and end addresses of a block of colour and the content of the block.

The screen dump is saved to a file on the normal "LOAD" (only 3 will not load the screen dumps, so do this you will need to use the loading procedure).

The one snag with using this procedure is the time it takes to save the file to disc, but if you must treasure more screen dumps on one disc it is worth waiting for. Screen dumps can also be moved by loading one on top of the other without clearing the screen.

**Variables**  
**Saving Procedure**  
**address%** used to check through all the screen addresses from HIMEM to ATFFF  
**content%** contains the contents of the screen address being checked  
**content%** contains the contents of address% when content% used to count how many addresses contain the same value  
**old\_address%** equal to address  
**new\_address%** new address after count has been added to address% when the end of a block of colour has been found  
**file%** contains the changed number of the file that is being saved  
**old%** name of the file that is to be saved

```
10REM*****
20REM  Dumper (SAVE PROC)  4
30REM  By C. Parbery      4
40REM  13th July 1985     4
50REM  Program size 712 bytes 4
60REM*****
70REM title%- name of file
8
9
10MODE4
20file%-OPENOUT title%
30FOR address%=HIMEM TO ATFFF
40content%=?address%
50content%=?(address%-1)
60IF content%=0 AND content%(>0 PRINT#file%,address%
70IF content%(>0 PROCsave%
80NEXT
90CLOSE#file%
100END
101
102
130DEF PROCsave%
140old_address%=address%
150count%=1
160REPEAT
170count%=count%+1
180content%=?(old_address%+count%)
190UNTIL content%=>content%
200new_address%=old_address%+count%
210PRINT#file%,content%
220PRINT #file%,new_address%
230address%=address%+count%-1
240ENDPROC
```

```

1#REPEAT *****
2#REM  Dumper (LOAD PROC)  #
3#REM  By G. Parbery      #
4#REM  13th July 1988     #
5#REM  Program size &81 bytes #
6#REM *****
7#REM MODE must be the same as when saved.
8#REM title# name of file
9
10MODE#
20countX=0
40file# title#
50INPUT#file$,start_address#
60REPEAT
70INPUT#file$,address#
80IF address#<#1# THEN PROCdecreas ELSE start_address#address#countX+1
90countXcountX+1
100UNTIL EOF#file#
110CLOSE#file#
120END
121
122
130DEF PROCdecreas
140INPUT#file$,end_address#
150REPEAT
160?start_address#countX+address#
170countXcountX+1
200UNTIL start_address#countX+end_address#
210countXcountX-1
220ENDPROC

```

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2 of 2 of 4

SWOT SPOT.

JTC 4-84

The Ladders to Learning series from McGraw-Hill get a thorough going over this week from Margaret Webb. If you are a parent with a C64 read on...

I always create great excitement and interest in my home when the Post Office deliver a large parcel. When this parcel contains practically all of a new range of educational software, it is hard not to reach for the computer and load them without taking the time to look at the casettes and work out the best approach to what could be a daunting task.

The new range in question is from McGraw-Hill, the book publishers. Anyone who reads John Henderson's column on discussing educational software (HCW 125) will have noted that he says that "most reputable publishers want to protect the quality of their products" and this would seem to be the case with this range. It has taken the publishers three years to develop the range with the help of teachers. The range of twenty-eight titles is aimed at the three to thirteen year age group — that is to say pre-school to mid-secondary school — and covers the basic subjects of Mathematics and English.

The English programs cover alphabet, dictionary and grammar, the mathematics cover everything from basic addition and subtraction through multiplication and division to algebra, fractions and graphs. There is also a program which doesn't fit into either of these categories. This is a Balloon game which deals in an interesting way with the subject of the atmosphere and it's simple physics.

This program is in two parts, the first being the teaching program that deals with all aspects of the atmosphere, it's



## Ladders to Learning

### PLACE VALUE

Continuum 54

## Ladders to Learning

### HANGMAN V

Continuum 54

various layers, constituents, how it behaves, words and how they move. Once this has been read through, there is an space to re-read it or plunge straight in and play the next section.

This has the feel of a board game. It consists of a board with eight paths over the screen. Up to four people can participate. A number system determines whether a question on the atmosphere must be answered or whether a direct move is made (the questions are multiple choice). A career driver can get up to four points. The first to lead on his or her balloon in the winner. Points are included making it an enjoyable game.

Since I didn't receive all of the programs in the series, I can only comment on those I have. All of these are aimed at the eight to thirteen year age group but can be used with younger children of under experience. Here is a brief summary of the titles I have read:

#### Mathematics

**Add/Subtract** — Henry Hilo, a cartoon character, teaches how to add and subtract simple numbers and shows what happens when larger numbers larger than ten are involved.

**Place Value** — This is a task-and-test program which looks at basic place value i.e. hundreds, tens and units and at the more complex powers of ten.

**Word Order** — using Henry Hilo again, the program checks just

how much the user knows about using the four basic rules of arithmetic.

**Multiplication I** — an introduction to multiplication using graphics to show how and how they grow into multiplication tables.

**Multiplication II** — goes over what was learnt in part I and then shows how to multiply numbers larger than 10.

**Division I and II** follow the same form as Multiplication I & II by showing that subtraction and sharing are the bases for basic and long division.

**Fraction solving I & II** — Henry Hilo explains how to look for keywords when trying to solve mathematical problems — i.e. thirty old questions about area digging holes.

**Fractions I & II** Henry Hilo again. This time taking division one step further and explaining about fractions and how they are part of a whole. The second part explains in more depth about numerators, common denominators and improper fractions.

**Graphs I & II** — In part I, Henry Hilo teaches, with use of colourful graphics, how graphs can be used in data information. Part two uses bar and column charts and helps the child to both read them and build his own.

**Algebraic Notation** — Teaches how symbols can be used instead of numbers. Uses progressive teaching and testing

#### English Programs

**Alphabet Game** — This teaches the child how to arrange letters and words into alphabetical order. It assesses prior knowledge of the alphabet.

**Dictionary Use** — teaches the child how to use a dictionary efficiently. How to look up the meanings of words quickly and to check spelling, pronunciation and parts of speech.

**Word Power** — a grammar lesson. Teaches sentences and shows what the parts of a sentence are, i.e. verbs, adjectives, nouns and adverbs.

**Hangman I, II, III** — the paper and pencil game transferred to the computer. Type I has a set of words aimed at the eight to ten year olds, type II has words for the secondary age group. There are options to add your own words and to play against the computer, or a friend.

All of these programs are aimed at eight to thirteen year olds using graphics. The information is given in a clear and concise manner with lots of opportunity to re-read if something is not understood. First readers are used — making life just that bit easier. I do, however, have a few gripes.

Firstly, many of the tapes are not screen driven. Instead you have to work your way through the program. This is not really an aid for teaching the average eight year old. Learning is best done as short bursts once boredom sets in and the

attention wanders or under if too large a chunk of material is attempted.

Many of the programs come in more than one part and in some cases there was duplication of material. It would have made more sense if a tape, for example multiplication, was covered entirely by a single tape. I suspect that this option may not, however, be as commercially attractive. I have no idea whether this saved material will be available. If it is then this comment is even more relevant.

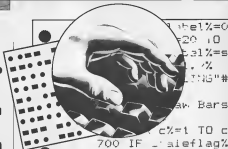
At £7.99 per cassette, this series is rather expensive, especially if you need to buy several tapes for each topic. Master the material — then points, the end judge of any software is the person who is going to use it or, in the case of educational software, the parent or teacher. It is up to you to look at Ladders to Learning and decide for yourself if the material contained in the programs is what you are looking for. M.W.

Price £7.99

Publisher: McGraw Hill Book Company

Address: Sheepen House Rd, Winchester, Dorset SO9 2DL

C84

IT!  
CODE

**Beginning machine code isn't easy, but with this new series from HCW regular Alan Webb you'll be rotating left and right within moments**

**I**n this series, I plan to teach the rudiments of machine code for the three series of microprocessors, and the C64 in particular. Before you run from the room screaming, I plan to lighten the load by using plenty of useful examples so that you will gain some practical knowledge instead of lots of theoretical clutter. To reinforce this concept, the final part will discuss in detail the use of all the registers in the C64's Kernal and Basic ROMs so that you will be able to manipulate strings, set floating point and perform other fancy activities.

First I must emphasize one point: machine code is not difficult. It may be tedious, tricky to debug, compact and fast, but it isn't difficult. If you've used a programmable calculator, you're almost there.

To make any progress in machine code, you must have some basic tools:

First, you need a decent assembler. Don't think you can write anything substantial in a machine code assembler; you can't — if you want to keep your sanity. Similarly, hand assembling is a fun, head-banging business only. You should find a multipass assembler capable of reordering the most pesky op-codes and labels. Out of those on the market, I consider the best to be:

1. *Mips Assembler* from Supersoft (Cambridge £35)

2. *Assembler Monitor 64* from First Publishing (Dorset £20)

I have used both of these and can vouch for their excellence. They may not be cheap but if you want a long and pleasant relationship with machine code, they are worth the money.

Next you will need a decent machine code monitor. This should include options for setting break points and single stepping (for debugging) and a disassembler. The First Publishing package above includes an excellent monitor. A good alternative is the Zoom monitor from Supersoft. Incidentally, I don't have shares in First Publishing or Supersoft, they're simply the best products I've found.

Finally, you will need a decent test bench on the C64 processor. I use Rodney Zhai's excellent book but there are others about.

Throughout this series, I will give almost code as given by the First Publishing Assembler. Figure 1 shows some of its features.

You can see how much information the assembler gives. This is a program that any assembler should provide.

Enough general aspects, I want to give the only real meaty dose of theory necessary to learn machine code. Sorry, but it doesn't take long. It is time for

let's little point that to use machine code you should be conversant with the binary and hexadecimal systems of counting. Why bother? You all about. Well, unfortunately computers only understand two types of signal, zero and one. This is the basis of binary. You will need to manipulate individual bits of numbers, hence the need to learn binary.

The drawback with binary is that to represent a byte on the C64 you need eight binary digits. To represent the binary



```

200 0000          JUMP #4 C=PRINT SOURCE CODE
300 0000          #4 = $0000 C=ASSEMBLE AT $0000
400 0000          CARR = $000 C=LABEL LOCATION $000
500          J
600 0000 #0 #0    START 100 MESSAGE C=LOW BYTE OF MESSAGE
800 0000 #0 #0    END  MESSAGE C=HIGH BYTE OF MESSAGE
700 0000 #0 #0    JNB  $000 C=PRINT MESSAGE
800 0000 #0      RTS          C=END OF ROUTINE
900          J
1000 0000 #0 #0 #0 MESSAGE ,END "HOME COMPUTING WEEKLY" C=MESSAGE
1100 0000 #0      JRTT000 C=MESSAGE END
12000-COPY C=START AND END OF PROGRAM

```

Figure 1

address in the memory you would need seven digits — mind boggling! In other words, while the computer is content to work in binary, the system is much less awkward for its users.

A compromise between the complex binary and almost useless, for computing purposes anyway, decimal system is the

Hexadecimal system. Hexadecimal involves counting to the base of 16 and offers a means of representing any 8-bit number in two digits making life much easier. You will soon find it easy to recognize hexadecimal numbers and learn their use.

Hold onto your hats, here's the easy bit. The general form of any number in any base is

$$A_nB^n + A_{n-1}B^{n-1} + A_{n-2}B^{n-2} + A_{n-3}B^{n-3} + \dots + A_1B^1 + A_0B^0$$

The  $A_n$  are the digits comprising the number and  $B$  is the base. The decimal system uses the base 10 so the general form of 1,234 is:

$$1 \times 10^3 + 2 \times 10^2 + 3 \times 10^1 + 4 \times 10^0$$

$$\text{which is}$$

$$1000 + 200 + 30 + 4 = 1234$$

Let us try a binary number. Binary uses base 2 so the number 1011 has the form:

$$1 \times 2^3 + 0 \times 2^2 + 1 \times 2^1 + 0 \times 2^0 + 1 \times 2^0$$

$$\text{which is}$$

$$8 + 0 + 4 + 2 + 1$$

$$\text{or 15 in decimal}$$

Hexadecimal has a slight complication in that we must have a way of representing the values 0 to 15. This is done by using 0 to 9 to represent themselves and A for 10, B for 11, and so on up to F for 15.

The system uses the base 16 so the number AB13 has the general form:

$$10 \times 16^3 + 11 \times 16^2 + 3 \times 16^1 + 3 \times 16^0$$

$$\text{which is}$$

$$40960 + 2816 + 48 + 3 = 43793 \text{ (decimal)}$$

The highest address used by the 64 in 61525 which is 61525 in hexadecimal so you never need more than four digits. Most assemblies are able to convert from one base to another and the normal prefix used are:

\$ for hexadecimal — eg \$10000  
% for binary — eg %1101101

This means that if you want to put off learning hexadecimal, you can use decimal in your source code.

To convert from decimal to the other bases, you simply divide repeatedly by the base raised to differing powers, eg:

To convert 100 decimal to hexadecimal

100 is less than  $16^2$  so starting with  $16^1$

100 divided by 16 gives 6 with 4 remainder

4 divided by 16 gives 4 with 0 remainder

$$\text{so}$$

$$100 = 6 \times 16^1 + 4 \times 16^0 = 64$$

Let's try converting 35 to binary. 35 is less than 3 so we will start with  $2^2$

35 divided by  $2^2$  gives 8 and 3 remainder

3 divided by  $2^1$  gives 0

3 divided by  $2^0$  gives 0

3 divided by  $2^0$  gives 0

3 divided by  $2^0$  gives 1 and 1 remainder

1 divided by  $2^0$  gives 1 and 0 remainder

$$\text{so}$$

$$35 = 1 \times 2^5 + 0 \times 2^4 + 0 \times 2^3 + 0 \times 2^2 + 1 \times 2^1 + 1 \times 2^0 = \%100011$$

To give you some practice with base conversions try the following exercises:

1. Convert the following to decimal

- a) \$100FC
- b) %1101000
- c) \$0010
- d) %10001

2. Convert the following to binary

- a) 25
- b) 57

3. Convert the following to hexadecimal

- a) 200
- b) 400

and for the exercises amongst yourselves

4. Convert 1A001 to binary

Well, that's enough agony for now, sorry about the tough bit, there isn't any more. Next time we'll get down to the architecture of the Commodore and start writing code.

I've mentioned one or two products worth considering when deciding on what computer to buy. To help you in your decision-making here are some names and addresses for further information.

Sagecraft, Winchester House, Chiswick Rd, Wembley, Middlesex HA3 7SL

First Publishing, Unit 205, Moorhouse Park, Poughmore, Dorset

Programming the Commodore, Rodney G. King, Sydenham, Kent SE26 6NR 0-01987-004-0



## SHUFFLE



Getting from A-Z is not quite as easy as ABC in this alphabet brain teaser for the C64 by Michael Pandry

This is a simple version of the familiar sliding block puzzle. The object of the game is to rearrange the letters of the alphabet until they travel from A to Z as shown below.

A B C D E F G H I  
J K L M N O P Q R  
S T U V W X Y Z

This is achieved by sliding one of the squares into the empty space. It may sound easy

## How it works

10-100 instructions  
100-150 define sprite and screen parameters  
150-190 check for keypad  
190-220 move sprite  
220-250 move letter subroutines  
250-400 puzzle checking subroutines  
400-450 quit routine  
450-490 subroutines to move up, down, left, right  
490-530 subroutines to display grid  
540-560 subroutines to print text

## Variables

MOVE: set moved  
LOOP: (current) loop variable  
TTL: standard time variable  
X: screen horizontal co-ordinates  
Y: loop variable  
B: value of function P  
C: loop to count rows  
JUMP: control subroutines  
CX: loop for column  
ROW: randomly choose row  
A: value of letter pointed to by column number  
LINE: loop to read data  
PRD: information on  
YCL: lowest address of VIO graphics chip  
Z: value of pointer past row  
Y: screen vertical co-ordinates  
P: screen co-ordinates of letter  
TL: value of current letter  
M: loop to count column  
DRAW: loop to loop program  
RCL: loop for row  
COLUMN: randomly choose column  
B: value of letter pointed to by loop  
DRAW: data which is read

but, as it's sure many people know, it can be quite tricky. When you think the puzzle is solved, pressing R1 checks to see if you are correct and informs you which letter is incorrect if you are wrong.

Pressing Q quits the game and informs you how many moves you have taken and how long you have been playing. Pressing R redraws the grid and sets up the letters as they were at the beginning. Pressing M randomly moves up all the letters of the grid.

The program is fully documented and includes full playing instructions. Control is via a joystick to point east, but the following keys can be used: 1 = up, left arrow = down, CTRL + left, 2 = right, space bar = fire

```

5 REM = PUZZLER BY MICHAEL PANDRY (1985)
10 POKER380,0 POKER380,0 POKER380,0
CHKEND: REM = SET SCREEN L/C MODE
15 REM = PRINT IF INSTRUCTIONS IF REQURD
20
25 PRN"COLOR:YELLOW" 30 YOU WANT IN
STRUC:END IF OR N? 30000 GND
35 SET KEYS IF KEYS="THEN 110
30 IF KEYS="THEN 25
35 PRN"COLOR:CYAN" PUZZLER PLAY!
40 INSTRUCTIONS"JOKER 245
  
```







# GAME FOR A GRAPH

**3-D graphs are within your grasp with this Amstrad utility by M Peachey**

This program allows the user to quickly produce attractive three dimensional bar charts, or histograms as they are also called, simply by providing a label for each bar and an associated value.

Up to twelve bars can be produced and values between 1 and 9,999 can be drawn. Automatically scaling adjusts the y-axis so that the full height of the screen is always used. For a maximum value above 999 the scale value is multiplied by a factor of ten to ensure that the scale labels do not exceed three digits.

Values are rounded to the nearest 1/100th of the scale maximum value and plotted accordingly. Bar labels are similarly limited to three characters to ensure clarity of presentation.

The table of labels and values would preferably be printed to a line printer. For permanent records, using the characters and values contained in the two ways layout and tabulating. With the addition of a screen dump routine, the bar chart itself could be printed.

**Note:** A BEM should be run possibly started in line 30 before OM BR418 (0010-1000) so that you can get past any typographical errors.



## Draw & write

**200-210** input and validate numbers to determine graph parameters

**210-230** establish scale according to maximum value and number to nearest 10

**240-250** input label and value for each bar and validate

**260-270** clear screen and plot title

**280-290** draw X axis according to number of bars

**300-310** draw Y axis and plot scale markers

**320-340** plot scale label every two bars for every label

**350-360** draw bars in scale height, line for bottom and top of bar using PLOT

**370-380** determine correct position for drawn

**390-400** loop error caused by numbers entered being too high for integer variables to handle

**410-420** validate values to prevent missing spaces

**430-440** print table of labels and values entered

**450-460** allow missing labels to be changed by entering a particular column of the array arrayLabelled

**470-480** allow missing values to be changed by entering a particular column of the array valueEntered

## Variables

**array** the table of the graph components, number of bars to be drawn

**arrayLabelled** maximum value the graph is to draw, rounded up to nearest 10

**arrayLabel** when any columns the maximum value to be drawn is above 990 for the conditions, arrayLabelled is scaled down by a factor of 10

**arrayValue** array array to hold the value for each bar

**arrayValue** array to hold the value for each bar

**arrayValue** holds the value of the maximum value or the array value value of arrayLabelled

**arrayValue** array array to compare the y axis value for every two bars of the screen

**arrayValue** the number of screen lines to be used for bar

**arrayValue** array array to determine the height of each bar. The greater the value of arrayValue the lower the screen line value of arrayValue

**arrayValue** loop variable used by LOCATE to position each bar along the x axis

**arrayValue** loop variable used by LOCATE to print each bar up to arrayValue

**arrayValue** set for each array loop according to whether each bar is last in a bar (=1), intermediate (=0) or first (=1) height. The dimension approximates bar printing characters

```

10 REM GRAPH-MAKE program
20 DIM
30 DIM 10
40 DIM label(10),value(10)
50 DIM array(10)
60 DIM array(10)
70 DIM 1
80 BORDER 2:OPEN 1:OPEN 2:
90 FOR 1=0 TO 9:DO 100,1,1:DO 110,2,1:DO 120,3,1:DO 130,4,1:DO 140,5,1:DO 150,6,1:DO 160,7,1:DO 170,8,1:DO 180,9,1:DO 190,10,1:DO 200,11,1:DO 210,12,1:DO 220,13,1:DO 230,14,1:DO 240,15,1:DO 250,16,1:DO 260,17,1:DO 270,18,1:DO 280,19,1:DO 290,20,1:DO 300,21,1:DO 310,22,1:DO 320,23,1:DO 330,24,1:DO 340,25,1:DO 350,26,1:DO 360,27,1:DO 370,28,1:DO 380,29,1:DO 390,30,1:DO 400,31,1:DO 410,32,1:DO 420,33,1:DO 430,34,1:DO 440,35,1:DO 450,36,1:DO 460,37,1:DO 470,38,1:DO 480,39,1:DO 490,40,1:DO 500,41,1:DO 510,42,1:DO 520,43,1:DO 530,44,1:DO 540,45,1:DO 550,46,1:DO 560,47,1:DO 570,48,1:DO 580,49,1:DO 590,50,1:DO 600,51,1:DO 610,52,1:DO 620,53,1:DO 630,54,1:DO 640,55,1:DO 650,56,1:DO 660,57,1:DO 670,58,1:DO 680,59,1:DO 690,60,1:DO 700,61,1:DO 710,62,1:DO 720,63,1:DO 730,64,1:DO 740,65,1:DO 750,66,1:DO 760,67,1:DO 770,68,1:DO 780,69,1:DO 790,70,1:DO 800,71,1:DO 810,72,1:DO 820,73,1:DO 830,74,1:DO 840,75,1:DO 850,76,1:DO 860,77,1:DO 870,78,1:DO 880,79,1:DO 890,80,1:DO 900,81,1:DO 910,82,1:DO 920,83,1:DO 930,84,1:DO 940,85,1:DO 950,86,1:DO 960,87,1:DO 970,88,1:DO 980,89,1:DO 990,90,1:DO 1000,91,1:DO 1010,92,1:DO 1020,93,1:DO 1030,94,1:DO 1040,95,1:DO 1050,96,1:DO 1060,97,1:DO 1070,98,1:DO 1080,99,1:DO 1090,100,1:DO 1100,101,1:DO 1110,102,1:DO 1120,103,1:DO 1130,104,1:DO 1140,105,1:DO 1150,106,1:DO 1160,107,1:DO 1170,108,1:DO 1180,109,1:DO 1190,110,1:DO 1200,111,1:DO 1210,112,1:DO 1220,113,1:DO 1230,114,1:DO 1240,115,1:DO 1250,116,1:DO 1260,117,1:DO 1270,118,1:DO 1280,119,1:DO 1290,120,1:DO 1300,121,1:DO 1310,122,1:DO 1320,123,1:DO 1330,124,1:DO 1340,125,1:DO 1350,126,1:DO 1360,127,1:DO 1370,128,1:DO 1380,129,1:DO 1390,130,1:DO 1400,131,1:DO 1410,132,1:DO 1420,133,1:DO 1430,134,1:DO 1440,135,1:DO 1450,136,1:DO 1460,137,1:DO 1470,138,1:DO 1480,139,1:DO 1490,140,1:DO 1500,141,1:DO 1510,142,1:DO 1520,143,1:DO 1530,144,1:DO 1540,145,1:DO 1550,146,1:DO 1560,147,1:DO 1570,148,1:DO 1580,149,1:DO 1590,150,1:DO 1600,151,1:DO 1610,152,1:DO 1620,153,1:DO 1630,154,1:DO 1640,155,1:DO 1650,156,1:DO 1660,157,1:DO 1670,158,1:DO 1680,159,1:DO 1690,160,1:DO 1700,161,1:DO 1710,162,1:DO 1720,163,1:DO 1730,164,1:DO 1740,165,1:DO 1750,166,1:DO 1760,167,1:DO 1770,168,1:DO 1780,169,1:DO 1790,170,1:DO 1800,171,1:DO 1810,172,1:DO 1820,173,1:DO 1830,174,1:DO 1840,175,1:DO 1850,176,1:DO 1860,177,1:DO 1870,178,1:DO 1880,179,1:DO 1890,180,1:DO 1900,181,1:DO 1910,182,1:DO 1920,183,1:DO 1930,184,1:DO 1940,185,1:DO 1950,186,1:DO 1960,187,1:DO 1970,188,1:DO 1980,189,1:DO 1990,190,1:DO 2000,191,1:DO 2010,192,1:DO 2020,193,1:DO 2030,194,1:DO 2040,195,1:DO 2050,196,1:DO 2060,197,1:DO 2070,198,1:DO 2080,199,1:DO 2090,200,1:DO 2100,201,1:DO 2110,202,1:DO 2120,203,1:DO 2130,204,1:DO 2140,205,1:DO 2150,206,1:DO 2160,207,1:DO 2170,208,1:DO 2180,209,1:DO 2190,210,1:DO 2200,211,1:DO 2210,212,1:DO 2220,213,1:DO 2230,214,1:DO 2240,215,1:DO 2250,216,1:DO 2260,217,1:DO 2270,218,1:DO 2280,219,1:DO 2290,220,1:DO 2300,221,1:DO 2310,222,1:DO 2320,223,1:DO 2330,224,1:DO 2340,225,1:DO 2350,226,1:DO 2360,227,1:DO 2370,228,1:DO 2380,229,1:DO 2390,230,1:DO 2400,231,1:DO 2410,232,1:DO 2420,233,1:DO 2430,234,1:DO 2440,235,1:DO 2450,236,1:DO 2460,237,1:DO 2470,238,1:DO 2480,239,1:DO 2490,240,1:DO 2500,241,1:DO 2510,242,1:DO 2520,243,1:DO 2530,244,1:DO 2540,245,1:DO 2550,246,1:DO 2560,247,1:DO 2570,248,1:DO 2580,249,1:DO 2590,250,1:DO 2600,251,1:DO 2610,252,1:DO 2620,253,1:DO 2630,254,1:DO 2640,255,1:DO 2650,256,1:DO 2660,257,1:DO 2670,258,1:DO 2680,259,1:DO 2690,260,1:DO 2700,261,1:DO 2710,262,1:DO 2720,263,1:DO 2730,264,1:DO 2740,265,1:DO 2750,266,1:DO 2760,267,1:DO 2770,268,1:DO 2780,269,1:DO 2790,270,1:DO 2800,271,1:DO 2810,272,1:DO 2820,273,1:DO 2830,274,1:DO 2840,275,1:DO 2850,276,1:DO 2860,277,1:DO 2870,278,1:DO 2880,279,1:DO 2890,280,1:DO 2900,281,1:DO 2910,282,1:DO 2920,283,1:DO 2930,284,1:DO 2940,285,1:DO 2950,286,1:DO 2960,287,1:DO 2970,288,1:DO 2980,289,1:DO 2990,290,1:DO 3000,291,1:DO 3010,292,1:DO 3020,293,1:DO 3030,294,1:DO 3040,295,1:DO 3050,296,1:DO 3060,297,1:DO 3070,298,1:DO 3080,299,1:DO 3090,300,1:DO 3100,301,1:DO 3110,302,1:DO 3120,303,1:DO 3130,304,1:DO 3140,305,1:DO 3150,306,1:DO 3160,307,1:DO 3170,308,1:DO 3180,309,1:DO 3190,310,1:DO 3200,311,1:DO 3210,312,1:DO 3220,313,1:DO 3230,314,1:DO 3240,315,1:DO 3250,316,1:DO 3260,317,1:DO 3270,318,1:DO 3280,319,1:DO 3290,320,1:DO 3300,321,1:DO 3310,322,1:DO 3320,323,1:DO 3330,324,1:DO 3340,325,1:DO 3350,326,1:DO 3360,327,1:DO 3370,328,1:DO 3380,329,1:DO 3390,330,1:DO 3400,331,1:DO 3410,332,1:DO 3420,333,1:DO 3430,334,1:DO 3440,335,1:DO 3450,336,1:DO 3460,337,1:DO 3470,338,1:DO 3480,339,1:DO 3490,340,1:DO 3500,341,1:DO 3510,342,1:DO 3520,343,1:DO 3530,344,1:DO 3540,345,1:DO 3550,346,1:DO 3560,347,1:DO 3570,348,1:DO 3580,349,1:DO 3590,350,1:DO 3600,351,1:DO 3610,352,1:DO 3620,353,1:DO 3630,354,1:DO 3640,355,1:DO 3650,356,1:DO 3660,357,1:DO 3670,358,1:DO 3680,359,1:DO 3690,360,1:DO 3700,361,1:DO 3710,362,1:DO 3720,363,1:DO 3730,364,1:DO 3740,365,1:DO 3750,366,1:DO 3760,367,1:DO 3770,368,1:DO 3780,369,1:DO 3790,370,1:DO 3800,371,1:DO 3810,372,1:DO 3820,373,1:DO 3830,374,1:DO 3840,375,1:DO 3850,376,1:DO 3860,377,1:DO 3870,378,1:DO 3880,379,1:DO 3890,380,1:DO 3900,381,1:DO 3910,382,1:DO 3920,383,1:DO 3930,384,1:DO 3940,385,1:DO 3950,386,1:DO 3960,387,1:DO 3970,388,1:DO 3980,389,1:DO 3990,390,1:DO 4000,391,1:DO 4010,392,1:DO 4020,393,1:DO 4030,394,1:DO 4040,395,1:DO 4050,396,1:DO 4060,397,1:DO 4070,398,1:DO 4080,399,1:DO 4090,400,1:DO 4100,401,1:DO 4110,402,1:DO 4120,403,1:DO 4130,404,1:DO 4140,405,1:DO 4150,406,1:DO 4160,407,1:DO 4170,408,1:DO 4180,409,1:DO 4190,410,1:DO 4200,411,1:DO 4210,412,1:DO 4220,413,1:DO 4230,414,1:DO 4240,415,1:DO 4250,416,1:DO 4260,417,1:DO 4270,418,1:DO 4280,419,1:DO 4290,420,1:DO 4300,421,1:DO 4310,422,1:DO 4320,423,1:DO 4330,424,1:DO 4340,425,1:DO 4350,426,1:DO 4360,427,1:DO 4370,428,1:DO 4380,429,1:DO 4390,430,1:DO 4400,431,1:DO 4410,432,1:DO 4420,433,1:DO 4430,434,1:DO 4440,435,1:DO 4450,436,1:DO 4460,437,1:DO 4470,438,1:DO 4480,439,1:DO 4490,440,1:DO 4500,441,1:DO 4510,442,1:DO 4520,443,1:DO 4530,444,1:DO 4540,445,1:DO 4550,446,1:DO 4560,447,1:DO 4570,448,1:DO 4580,449,1:DO 4590,450,1:DO 4600,451,1:DO 4610,452,1:DO 4620,453,1:DO 4630,454,1:DO 4640,455,1:DO 4650,456,1:DO 4660,457,1:DO 4670,458,1:DO 4680,459,1:DO 4690,460,1:DO 4700,461,1:DO 4710,462,1:DO 4720,463,1:DO 4730,464,1:DO 4740,465,1:DO 4750,466,1:DO 4760,467,1:DO 4770,468,1:DO 4780,469,1:DO 4790,470,1:DO 4800,471,1:DO 4810,472,1:DO 4820,473,1:DO 4830,474,1:DO 4840,475,1:DO 4850,476,1:DO 4860,477,1:DO 4870,478,1:DO 4880,479,1:DO 4890,480,1:DO 4900,481,1:DO 4910,482,1:DO 4920,483,1:DO 4930,484,1:DO 4940,485,1:DO 4950,486,1:DO 4960,487,1:DO 4970,488,1:DO 4980,489,1:DO 4990,490,1:DO 5000,491,1:DO 5010,492,1:DO 5020,493,1:DO 5030,494,1:DO 5040,495,1:DO 5050,496,1:DO 5060,497,1:DO 5070,498,1:DO 5080,499,1:DO 5090,500,1:DO 5100,501,1:DO 5110,502,1:DO 5120,503,1:DO 5130,504,1:DO 5140,505,1:DO 5150,506,1:DO 5160,507,1:DO 5170,508,1:DO 5180,509,1:DO 5190,510,1:DO 5200,511,1:DO 5210,512,1:DO 5220,513,1:DO 5230,514,1:DO 5240,515,1:DO 5250,516,1:DO 5260,517,1:DO 5270,518,1:DO 5280,519,1:DO 5290,520,1:DO 5300,521,1:DO 5310,522,1:DO 5320,523,1:DO 5330,524,1:DO 5340,525,1:DO 5350,526,1:DO 5360,527,1:DO 5370,528,1:DO 5380,529,1:DO 5390,530,1:DO 5400,531,1:DO 5410,532,1:DO 5420,533,1:DO 5430,534,1:DO 5440,535,1:DO 5450,536,1:DO 5460,537,1:DO 5470,538,1:DO 5480,539,1:DO 5490,540,1:DO 5500,541,1:DO 5510,542,1:DO 5520,543,1:DO 5530,544,1:DO 5540,545,1:DO 5550,546,1:DO 5560,547,1:DO 5570,548,1:DO 5580,549,1:DO 5590,550,1:DO 5600,551,1:DO 5610,552,1:DO 5620,553,1:DO 5630,554,1:DO 5640,555,1:DO 5650,556,1:DO 5660,557,1:DO 5670,558,1:DO 5680,559,1:DO 5690,560,1:DO 5700,561,1:DO 5710,562,1:DO 5720,563,1:DO 5730,564,1:DO 5740,565,1:DO 5750,566,1:DO 5760,567,1:DO 5770,568,1:DO 5780,569,1:DO 5790,570,1:DO 5800,571,1:DO 5810,572,1:DO 5820,573,1:DO 5830,574,1:DO 5840,575,1:DO 5850,576,1:DO 5860,577,1:DO 5870,578,1:DO 5880,579,1:DO 5890,580,1:DO 5900,581,1:DO 5910,582,1:DO 5920,583,1:DO 5930,584,1:DO 5940,585,1:DO 5950,586,1:DO 5960,587,1:DO 5970,588,1:DO 5980,589,1:DO 5990,590,1:DO 6000,591,1:DO 6010,592,1:DO 6020,593,1:DO 6030,594,1:DO 6040,595,1:DO 6050,596,1:DO 6060,597,1:DO 6070,598,1:DO 6080,599,1:DO 6090,600,1:DO 6100,601,1:DO 6110,602,1:DO 6120,603,1:DO 6130,604,1:DO 6140,605,1:DO 6150,606,1:DO 6160,607,1:DO 6170,608,1:DO 6180,609,1:DO 6190,610,1:DO 6200,611,1:DO 6210,612,1:DO 6220,613,1:DO 6230,614,1:DO 6240,615,1:DO 6250,616,1:DO 6260,617,1:DO 6270,618,1:DO 6280,619,1:DO 6290,620,1:DO 6300,621,1:DO 6310,622,1:DO 6320,623,1:DO 6330,624,1:DO 6340,625,1:DO 6350,626,1:DO 6360,627,1:DO 6370,628,1:DO 6380,629,1:DO 6390,630,1:DO 6400,631,1:DO 6410,632,1:DO 6420,633,1:DO 6430,634,1:DO 6440,635,1:DO 6450,636,1:DO 6460,637,1:DO 6470,638,1:DO 6480,639,1:DO 6490,640,1:DO 6500,641,1:DO 6510,642,1:DO 6520,643,1:DO 6530,644,1:DO 6540,645,1:DO 6550,646,1:DO 6560,647,1:DO 6570,648,1:DO 6580,649,1:DO 6590,650,1:DO 6600,651,1:DO 6610,652,1:DO 6620,653,1:DO 6630,654,1:DO 6640,655,1:DO 6650,656,1:DO 6660,657,1:DO 6670,658,1:DO 6680,659,1:DO 6690,660,1:DO 6700,661,1:DO 6710,662,1:DO 6720,663,1:DO 6730,664,1:DO 6740,665,1:DO 6750,666,1:DO 6760,667,1:DO 6770,668,1:DO 6780,669,1:DO 6790,670,1:DO 6800,671,1:DO 6810,672,1:DO 6820,673,1:DO 6830,674,1:DO 6840,675,1:DO 6850,676,1:DO 6860,677,1:DO 6870,678,1:DO 6880,679,1:DO 6890,680,1:DO 6900,681,1:DO 6910,682,1:DO 6920,683,1:DO 6930,684,1:DO 6940,685,1:DO 6950,686,1:DO 6960,687,1:DO 6970,688,1:DO 6980,689,1:DO 6990,690,1:DO 7000,691,1:DO 7010,692,1:DO 7020,693,1:DO 7030,694,1:DO 7040,695,1:DO 7050,696,1:DO 7060,697,1:DO 7070,698,1:DO 7080,699,1:DO 7090,700,1:DO 7100,701,1:DO 7110,702,1:DO 7120,703,1:DO 7130,704,1:DO 7140,705,1:DO 7150,706,1:DO 7160,707,1:DO 7170,708,1:DO 7180,709,1:DO 7190,710,1:DO 7200,711,1:DO 7210,712,1:DO 7220,713,1:DO 7230,714,1:DO 7240,715,1:DO 7250,716,1:DO 7260,717,1:DO 7270,718,1:DO 7280,719,1:DO 7290,720,1:DO 7300,721,1:DO 7310,722,1:DO 7320,723,1:DO 7330,724,1:DO 7340,725,1:DO 7350,726,1:DO 7360,727,1:DO 7370,728,1:DO 7380,729,1:DO 7390,730,1:DO 7400,731,1:DO 7410,732,1:DO 7420,733,1:DO 7430,734,1:DO 7440,735,1:DO 7450,736,1:DO 7460,737,1:DO 7470,738,1:DO 7480,739,1:DO 7490,740,1:DO 7500,741,1:DO 7510,742,1:DO 7520,743,1:DO 7530,744,1:DO 7540,745,1:DO 7550,746,1:DO 7560,747,1:DO 7570,748,1:DO 7580,749,1:DO 7590,750,1:DO 7600,751,1:DO 7610,752,1:DO 7620,753,1:DO 7630,754,1:DO 7640,755,1:DO 7650,756,1:DO 7660,757,1:DO 7670,758,1:DO 7680,759,1:DO 7690,760,1:DO 7700,761,1:DO 7710,762,1:DO 7720,763,1:DO 7730,764,1:DO 7740,765,1:DO 7750,766,1:DO 7760,767,1:DO 7770,768,1:DO 7780,769,1:DO 7790,770,1:DO 7800,771,1:DO 7810,772,1:DO 7820,773,1:DO 7830,774,1:DO 7840,775,1:DO 7850,776,1:DO 7860,777,1:DO 7870,778,1:DO 7880,779,1:DO 7890,780,1:DO 7900,781,1:DO 7910,782,1:DO 7920,783,1:DO 7930,784,1:DO 7940,785,1:DO 7950,786,1:DO 7960,787,1:DO 7970,788,1:DO 7980,789,1:DO 7990,790,1:DO 8000,791,1:DO 8010,792,1:DO 8020,793,1:DO 8030,794,1:DO 8040,795,1:DO 8050,796,1:DO 8060,797,1:DO 8070,798,1:DO 8080,799,1:DO 8090,800,1:DO 8100,801,1:DO 8110,802,1:DO 8120,803,1:DO 8130,804,1:DO 8140,805,1:DO 8150,806,1:DO 8160,807,1:DO 8170,808,1:DO 8180,809,1:DO 8190,810,1:DO 8200,811,1:DO 8210,812,1:DO 8220,813,1:DO 8230,814,1:DO 8240,815,1:DO 8250,816,1:DO 8260,817,1:DO 8270,818,1:DO 8280,819,1:DO 8290,820,1:DO 8300,821,1:DO 8310,822,1:DO 8320,823,1:DO 8330,824,1:DO 8340,825,1:DO 8350,826,1:DO 8360,827,1:DO 8370,828,1:DO 8380,829,1:DO 8390,830,1:DO 8400,831,1:DO 8410,832,1:DO 8420,833,1:DO 8430,834,1:DO 8440,835,1:DO 8450,836,1:DO 8460,837,1:DO 8470,838,1:DO 8480,839,1:DO 8490,840,1:DO 8500,841,1:DO 8510,842,1:DO 8520,843,1:DO 8530,844,1:DO 8540,845,1:DO 8550,846,1:DO 8560,847,1:DO 8570,848,1:DO 8580,849,1:DO 8590,850,1:DO 8600,851,1:DO 8610,852,1:DO 8620,853,1:DO 8630,854,1:DO 8640,855,1:DO 8650,856,1:DO 8660,857,1:DO 8670,858,1:DO 8680,859,1:DO 8690,860,1:DO 8700,861,1:DO 8710,862,1:DO 8720,863,1:DO 8730,864,1:DO 8740,865,1:DO 8750,866,1:DO 8760,867,1:DO 8770,868,1:DO 8780,869,1:DO 8790,870,1:DO 8800,871,1:DO 8810,872,1:DO 8820,873,1:DO 8830,874,1:DO 8840,875,1:DO 8850,876,1:DO 8860,877,1:DO 8870,878,1:DO 8880,879,1:DO 8890,880,1:DO 8900,881,1:DO 8910,882,1:DO 8920,883,1:DO 8930,884,1:DO 8940,885,1:DO 8950,886,1:DO 89
```

```

870 gosub 1000:read a$:if a$=a$ then
880 LOCATE 1,5:
890 PRINT USING "###";a$;
900 NEXT
910 REM Draw bars
920 REM 3
930 FOR n=1 TO components
940 IF a$(n)=0 THEN a$(n)=a$+n
950 a$(n)=a$(n)+n
960 LOCATE 1,5:PRINT USING "###";a$(n);
970 NEXT
980 REM Draw bars
990 FOR n=1 TO components
1000 IF a$(n)=0 THEN a$(n)=a$+n
1010 a$(n)=a$(n)+n
1020 LOCATE 1,5:PRINT USING "###";a$(n);
1030 NEXT
1040 REM Draw bars
1050 FOR n=1 TO components
1060 IF a$(n)=0 THEN a$(n)=a$+n
1070 a$(n)=a$(n)+n
1080 LOCATE 1,5:PRINT USING "###";a$(n);
1090 NEXT
1100 REM Draw bars
1110 FOR n=1 TO components
1120 IF a$(n)=0 THEN a$(n)=a$+n
1130 a$(n)=a$(n)+n
1140 LOCATE 1,5:PRINT USING "###";a$(n);
1150 NEXT
1160 REM Draw bars
1170 FOR n=1 TO components
1180 IF a$(n)=0 THEN a$(n)=a$+n
1190 a$(n)=a$(n)+n
1200 LOCATE 1,5:PRINT USING "###";a$(n);
1210 NEXT
1220 REM Draw bars
1230 FOR n=1 TO components
1240 IF a$(n)=0 THEN a$(n)=a$+n
1250 a$(n)=a$(n)+n
1260 LOCATE 1,5:PRINT USING "###";a$(n);
1270 NEXT
1280 REM Draw bars
1290 FOR n=1 TO components
1300 IF a$(n)=0 THEN a$(n)=a$+n
1310 a$(n)=a$(n)+n
1320 LOCATE 1,5:PRINT USING "###";a$(n);
1330 NEXT
1340 REM Draw bars
1350 FOR n=1 TO components
1360 IF a$(n)=0 THEN a$(n)=a$+n
1370 a$(n)=a$(n)+n
1380 LOCATE 1,5:PRINT USING "###";a$(n);
1390 NEXT
1400 REM Draw bars
1410 FOR n=1 TO components
1420 IF a$(n)=0 THEN a$(n)=a$+n
1430 a$(n)=a$(n)+n
1440 LOCATE 1,5:PRINT USING "###";a$(n);
1450 NEXT
1460 REM Draw bars
1470 FOR n=1 TO components
1480 IF a$(n)=0 THEN a$(n)=a$+n
1490 a$(n)=a$(n)+n
1500 LOCATE 1,5:PRINT USING "###";a$(n);
1510 NEXT
1520 REM Draw bars
1530 FOR n=1 TO components
1540 IF a$(n)=0 THEN a$(n)=a$+n
1550 a$(n)=a$(n)+n
1560 LOCATE 1,5:PRINT USING "###";a$(n);
1570 NEXT
1580 REM Draw bars
1590 FOR n=1 TO components
1600 IF a$(n)=0 THEN a$(n)=a$+n
1610 a$(n)=a$(n)+n
1620 LOCATE 1,5:PRINT USING "###";a$(n);
1630 NEXT
1640 REM Draw bars
1650 FOR n=1 TO components
1660 IF a$(n)=0 THEN a$(n)=a$+n
1670 a$(n)=a$(n)+n
1680 LOCATE 1,5:PRINT USING "###";a$(n);
1690 NEXT
1700 REM Draw bars
1710 FOR n=1 TO components
1720 IF a$(n)=0 THEN a$(n)=a$+n
1730 a$(n)=a$(n)+n
1740 LOCATE 1,5:PRINT USING "###";a$(n);
1750 NEXT
1760 REM Draw bars
1770 FOR n=1 TO components
1780 IF a$(n)=0 THEN a$(n)=a$+n
1790 a$(n)=a$(n)+n
1800 LOCATE 1,5:PRINT USING "###";a$(n);
1810 NEXT
1820 REM Draw bars
1830 FOR n=1 TO components
1840 IF a$(n)=0 THEN a$(n)=a$+n
1850 a$(n)=a$(n)+n
1860 LOCATE 1,5:PRINT USING "###";a$(n);
1870 NEXT
1880 REM Draw bars
1890 FOR n=1 TO components
1900 IF a$(n)=0 THEN a$(n)=a$+n
1910 a$(n)=a$(n)+n
1920 LOCATE 1,5:PRINT USING "###";a$(n);
1930 NEXT
1940 REM Draw bars
1950 FOR n=1 TO components
1960 IF a$(n)=0 THEN a$(n)=a$+n
1970 a$(n)=a$(n)+n
1980 LOCATE 1,5:PRINT USING "###";a$(n);
1990 NEXT

```

```

2000 PRINT:PRINT "Component Label Value"
2010 FOR n=1 TO components
2020 PRINT:PRINT USING "###";a$(n);
2030 NEXT
2040 REM Draw bars
2050 FOR n=1 TO components
2060 IF a$(n)=0 THEN a$(n)=a$+n
2070 a$(n)=a$(n)+n
2080 LOCATE 1,5:PRINT USING "###";a$(n);
2090 NEXT
2100 REM Draw bars
2110 FOR n=1 TO components
2120 IF a$(n)=0 THEN a$(n)=a$+n
2130 a$(n)=a$(n)+n
2140 LOCATE 1,5:PRINT USING "###";a$(n);
2150 NEXT
2160 REM Draw bars
2170 FOR n=1 TO components
2180 IF a$(n)=0 THEN a$(n)=a$+n
2190 a$(n)=a$(n)+n
2200 LOCATE 1,5:PRINT USING "###";a$(n);
2210 NEXT
2220 REM Draw bars
2230 FOR n=1 TO components
2240 IF a$(n)=0 THEN a$(n)=a$+n
2250 a$(n)=a$(n)+n
2260 LOCATE 1,5:PRINT USING "###";a$(n);
2270 NEXT
2280 REM Draw bars
2290 FOR n=1 TO components
2300 IF a$(n)=0 THEN a$(n)=a$+n
2310 a$(n)=a$(n)+n
2320 LOCATE 1,5:PRINT USING "###";a$(n);
2330 NEXT
2340 REM Draw bars
2350 FOR n=1 TO components
2360 IF a$(n)=0 THEN a$(n)=a$+n
2370 a$(n)=a$(n)+n
2380 LOCATE 1,5:PRINT USING "###";a$(n);
2390 NEXT
2400 REM Draw bars
2410 FOR n=1 TO components
2420 IF a$(n)=0 THEN a$(n)=a$+n
2430 a$(n)=a$(n)+n
2440 LOCATE 1,5:PRINT USING "###";a$(n);
2450 NEXT
2460 REM Draw bars
2470 FOR n=1 TO components
2480 IF a$(n)=0 THEN a$(n)=a$+n
2490 a$(n)=a$(n)+n
2500 LOCATE 1,5:PRINT USING "###";a$(n);
2510 NEXT
2520 REM Draw bars
2530 FOR n=1 TO components
2540 IF a$(n)=0 THEN a$(n)=a$+n
2550 a$(n)=a$(n)+n
2560 LOCATE 1,5:PRINT USING "###";a$(n);
2570 NEXT
2580 REM Draw bars
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2620 LOCATE 1,5:PRINT USING "###";a$(n);
2630 NEXT
2640 REM Draw bars
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2670 a$(n)=a$(n)+n
2680 LOCATE 1,5:PRINT USING "###";a$(n);
2690 NEXT
2700 REM Draw bars
2710 FOR n=1 TO components
2720 IF a$(n)=0 THEN a$(n)=a$+n
2730 a$(n)=a$(n)+n
2740 LOCATE 1,5:PRINT USING "###";a$(n);
2750 NEXT
2760 REM Draw bars
2770 FOR n=1 TO components
2780 IF a$(n)=0 THEN a$(n)=a$+n
2790 a$(n)=a$(n)+n
2800 LOCATE 1,5:PRINT USING "###";a$(n);
2810 NEXT
2820 REM Draw bars
2830 FOR n=1 TO components
2840 IF a$(n)=0 THEN a$(n)=a$+n
2850 a$(n)=a$(n)+n
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2870 NEXT
2880 REM Draw bars
2890 FOR n=1 TO components
2900 IF a$(n)=0 THEN a$(n)=a$+n
2910 a$(n)=a$(n)+n
2920 LOCATE 1,5:PRINT USING "###";a$(n);
2930 NEXT
2940 REM Draw bars
2950 FOR n=1 TO components
2960 IF a$(n)=0 THEN a$(n)=a$+n
2970 a$(n)=a$(n)+n
2980 LOCATE 1,5:PRINT USING "###";a$(n);
2990 NEXT

```

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# VENTURES

*Peter Swasey has gone rather lunatic with the release of Level 9's Red Moon but we still have him giving advice in exchange for a dried crust, so send your problems to his dungeon*

**B**efore the latest rash of prizes for the autumn, I have two major reasons to deal with clowns here in the dramatic Argus Free dungeons. Robin Of Sherwood, new from Adventure International, will be reviewed next time.

But first, the news from the premier British adventure house, Level 9. Red Moon has some interesting new features, and also made Level 9's return to middle earth, after brief excursions to the world of science fiction. People have noted in the past that a new Level 9 game is always cause for celebration, and to help the parties along this time, I was sent some moon shaped red balloons along with my review tapes. Thanks, they brighten up the dungeons so well! (I'll put a stop to this, Ed)

When the world was new, and time didn't exist, magic still worked and mortals were omnipotent! The magic was powered by the moon, then crimson red and as bright as the sun. Sadly, during adaption, lesser beings tapped its power, and eventually their took share of the moon, which lost its colour and most of its power.

Eventually it became so weak that all the magicians' cloud castles fell from the air (which naturally didn't do the magicians much good). The surviving magicians eventually made a "Red Moon Crystal" to enable magic to be practised, although only on the island of Barlabe, was its power going enough. Even the stronghold of crystalline is threatened when the crystal is stolen. Your task is to retrieve it.

The delightful women are go as atmosphere superbly. This being one of Level 9's cheaper adventures, the box is smaller and you aren't given the usual book. The instructions on

the tape are adequate though, and the power network is superb! What of the game itself, I hear you cry.

You start on a grassy plain, near a volcano. Before long you discover the two sides must game areas: the middle of Calakad, where the moon crystal is hidden in a network of ancient ruins, and an extensive cave network, reached by going down a pit-hole. I mentioned Red Moon differs from previous L9 games, and it does this in two important ways.

Firstly, it is possible to cast spells, providing you are carrying a suitable object. Spells include FND, which takes your mind's eye to the location of a named object, TREASURE and MAGIC, which help determine the value and use of objects found. LAF, is attack, and other spells to increase strength or ward off attacks for a while.

The other new feature is the use of combat linked to strength. Fights are measured in "hit points" — you start with fifty — and depending on the weapons used and your opponent's strength, fights can be quick and effortless or long and

desperate as long as always, and show plenty of honour. My favourite was this one: "You are in a forest of dead wood (traditional material for rafting) Camped along leaves, or 'olives', are mingled with assorted woodland refuse on the floor". Typing EXAMINE LEAVES brings "Well preserved. You find an apple." Aorta burst under elevator? Slughter.

EXAMINE is a joy to use and enhances the game considerably. Further examination of the notes responds: "Carved with a pattern of a bridge." Look more closely at Orlop the Troll and you'll find he is "Two foot tall, blue grey skin. Even an eyelid ripple with cold muscle." Sounds more like our fellow (No food for you this month, Ed)

The graphics are, unfortunately, no match for the text. On my IBM XT version they are not above average, but on the Spectrum they are terrible, really bloody. They are also too repetitive: for my liking, although I suppose a game with some would tend to look all the same. Fortunately, they can be turned off.

As commentary is also disp-





again until you have solved your quest.

Although Level 9 can be better, even an average game by them is excellent by other people's standards. They are to be congratulated for continuing to support a wide range of machines. Red Moon is available on the Amstrad, Acorn, IBM, IBM486, Enterprise, Macintosh, MUX and Spectrum. The NEC and Microsoft versions are not only

**Price:** £5.95

**Publisher:** Level 9

**Address:** PO Box 26, Winton-upon-Mare, Essex SS14 9UR

**Mailshot note:**



**Helpful:**

Struggle on to your adventure problems starting with Heaven's powerful Platinum Diamond. Ian Kinn of Colossal is having problems at the beginning. He says he "can't open the mantle or open the river." Well, you can't cross the river until much later in the game, so give your help. Ask the robot to open the mantle — but make sure there is a battery inside it first. Meanwhile, further in the game, A. Gilly from Cleveland is stuck in the dark cellar. You need to turn on the light, according to Platinum Diamond expert Brian Coates.

Brian is himself finding difficulty with Adventure International's wonderful Cynobin. He thinks he's near the end, but cannot cause any kind of explosion. Firstly, you need to FORT a bit (flourish) in the machine, which will enable you to cut it into pieces with the welding torch. These can be welded over — well, I'm sure you can guess. Once you have triggered the grinding, the solution is different, by the way, from the first, you will need to use the drill in the hardware department. Help him next time.

Adrian Ward from Mansfield cannot remove the scar in Scott Adams's Wooden Clogs. Letters to what the machine says about a good luck charm, don't do the job.

T.J. Aspy keeps getting stuck up in the great end game of Level 9's Colossal Adventure. Although he has reached all three sets of elevators, the water catches the line, before he can escape the cave. You need to go to the spiral stairs, and look the heavy diagram door with the bunch of keys. Mike says you work quickly, or you will be killed before you can get such protection.

Still on the subject of Colossal, it's time for more corner. To find the orange column in the maze of white passages, you need to go S,E,S,S,S,E. Then, remembering you have been robbed, go E and NW to the pirate's chest. In the Level 9 end game, go E then D from the top of the iron ladder.

Some quick Red Moon hints next. To find the machine, one of the crumsters, enter the tiny tunnel by going north from the peasant's cave, then go NW inner. To go to the great hall, go SE, SE, W, SE. Or to go to the looter's start, go NE then NW. Treasures have to be dropped on the grassy plain at the start — I think, I haven't checked this thoroughly yet. Second too hot to handle? Leather gloves may be the solution. The bushes by the lily could do with examination — drop the handle in something nearby perhaps. And remember, too, magic doesn't work when you're nearby.

Paul and Glenn Colton from County Antrim send me a complimentary action (always much appreciated) and a useful Solomonic map. So far they have completed The Hobbit, Caddis, Valleyrie II and Nebula, and have just started Arno's Handing Eye of Beta Betaled happy birthday to Glenn by the way, who was eleven in August.

John Langan of Apple needs help with Eric The Viking. Vanessa suggests John Rando helps him get the feather and yellow ribbon. Al Kawasumi has the ribbon, but you need to get him across a bar (from the steeple), the break of a fish (fill the tank with the dolphin's breath), bird's spittle (take the spittle to the castle, cross of a mountain (plant some fruit, water with mineral water) and the beard of a woman (place dragons with dragons).

To get the feather from the dragon's nose, you need to go SW and take it. There is a random element though, which may cause the dragon to move and throw Eric back to the dock. Once taken, the dragon will give you a whistle. Blow this and the dragon will help you, but it only works once.

That's all I have space for now next time. Remember, I can help with your adventure problems, and try to give a personal reply. Happy venturing!

**Name:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Company:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Problem:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Name:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Machine owned:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Name:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Address:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Mailshot Mailbox:** \_\_\_\_\_

pointing, considering LP's good track record in this area. No full-screen mode, you have to use very basic, three word phrases. Not as much as usual is understood, and the responses weren't so friendly as I expected. One really nagging fault is you cannot TALK to the characters who inhabit the game. Perhaps that is acceptable considering the lower price, but a decent compromise.

One other point. Red Moon has a sometimes startling resemblance to Colossal Adventure. Common objects include cast spurs, silver hair, wings and so on. Plus there are familiar descriptions of long hair rooms, low ceilings, the volcano, and the mass of tiny passages. This could be some form of a joke, or a tribute, but it does give you an odd feeling of having seen a bit before.

Initial impressions are that this is better than most Level 9, although my rating is currently only wincing mixed. In lack of the polish of Kinn's To Eternity, Nevertheless, for the price it is an unrepentant value-for-money. Like all their games, you are instantly drawn into a fantasy world, and don't want to leave





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### INTERRUPT CLASH

13 minutes to EVERY 4000,2 COSUS "PHONE-RING".

As if all these interrupts were not enough, here you represent that Dodge war page yet! You have been warned...

AFTER 7777,3 COSUS BLINK-PAUSE.

Now if everything goes smoothly, all these interrupts will occur one at a time. But what if the phone rings when you are checking the door "alarm"? For most of us it's a damn good reason to get out of them for fear, but the geometry here will bring us with you away from the phone. So interrupt 1 (the alarm), has been interrupted by interrupt 2 (the phone). After you have finished on the phone you will resume interrupt 1 from where you left off — not at the beginning as the salesman will not bother to knock at the door, although as my own case he would probably have us, as I tend to "forget" that they are there.

If interrupt 3 should occur

the burst page, it's obvious that this is a crisis, and regardless of which interrupt you are dealing with, the page will have to take precedence over all others. In that example then, the geometry here has placed it in the order.

BLINK-PAUSE (priority 3)  
PHONE-RING (priority 2)  
DOOR-KNOCK (priority 1)  
DALLAS (priority 0)

Of course, you may place your information as a different order. DALLAS might be your top priority, and not even a burst page should drag you away (see later for example).

You may decide that your salesman needs your undivided attention, and so all other interrupts will have to be disabled. This will mean requiring the page before a burst, taking the phone off the hook, and silencing the alarm on your watch.

To see how all this works, enter the program INTERRUPT PRIORITY. This setup the events in the order that we have just seen. Line 10 sets a

random time for the burst page to occur, which is then set by line 30, and in the highest priority (0). Line 30 sets the door knock interrupt to occur every 10 seconds. I have noted all the same, down to seconds instead of minutes so that it is easier to follow. Line 40 calls the phone ring interrupt every 10 seconds. The main program is lines 100 to 140, which just prints out what page you are reading. With 3000 pages it's a bumper edition of HCW!

All the interrupts apart from the burst page are dealt with very quickly, but the burst page routine has a delay of 10 seconds while it is needed. Before running the program, try to fashion out what will happen.

At 10 seconds the first door knock occurs. At 15 seconds the first phone ring, followed by another door knock at 20 seconds. At 30 seconds both the door knock and phone ring will occur. According to our priority order the phone should be attended to first. Does this happen in the program?

The order will repeat itself until at 80 seconds when all three interrupts will occur. At DALLAS door, phone. The priority order should be phone, door, DALLAS. Check to see if this is correct. Of course, the burst page may occur at any time. When it does, everything will halt for 30 seconds while it gets needed. If any interrupts are due to occur during this time, they will be placed into a queue (in priority order) and serviced once the page has been needed. You will see all this more clearly if you use a stopwatch to time the events.

When you have satisfied yourself that the interrupts are working as predicted, try altering the priority of some of them. Try changing the priority of the burst page to 5, and DALLAS to 5 and see what happens. If you want to override the highest priority interrupts now, in order to read the page, then you will have to use 01 and 02 at subroutines 4000. If you want to see how much time is left before you switch on DALLAS then try PRINT REMAINING, meaning that it is set to interrupt priority 0. Remember that this will also clear the interrupt and so it will not take place.

For a more useful example of using an interrupt routine try

typing in the program INTERRUPT CLASH. This uses an interrupt routine to drive the second, main, and door hands separately. The time has been worked down by a factor of ten so that you can see the results of the program without having to wait 10 hours to go full circle!

To set the time so that the system is called once a second, change line 220 to EVERY 500. COSUS 1000 and the clock will run to the correct rate now. The program is as follows.

Line 100 sets the use of the lines to be drawn, given by the x and y values. Line 120 sets the seconds, minutes, and hours to 00. This is the angle of the lines — 90 degrees is straight up which corresponds to the 12 o'clock position of a watch. Line 130 sets degrees (DEG) followed by the graphics mode. In this case CHRS(1) is 2008. Lines 140-148 plot the outer points for the three clock faces. Line 200 sets up the interrupt routine to be called every 1/10th second. The interrupt is set to the lowest priority (0), although as it is the only interrupt the time could be left out of you wish. Lines 230-280 are the main program. You could have whatever program you like running here. In this case it's just a simple program you find running here. In this case it's just a simple program to scroll the message "... THIS IS THE MAIN PROGRAM ...".

across the screen. Now here this is achieved simply by manipulating the string in a loop. This is similar to the scrolling messages on the new 6400 Amstrad, although being in BASIC the movement is rather slow, just like the beautiful smooth scrolling produced by the machine code CP/M version.

The interrupt routine itself starts at line 300. The lines are drawn using the same geometry as shown in the third article of the series. As the graphics mode is 2008, the lines will first be drawn, and then around 2008 the program and you will see more clearly what I mean.

If you use the book to regular time you will find that it keeps very good time.

In the next article I shall take a brief look at Amstrad's way of handling interrupts from machine code. There will be a useful utility to give you a visual display of the state of the Caps Lock key.



# BOOGIE BUGGY

Music and computers are no longer strangers but in-built friends should deliver fun and games. Yes, even Commodore's SID chip which cleans programmes from cassettes into speech can appear talking if you want to add a drum, bass and chord accompaniment to a tune.

**Enter Self's Sound Buggy.** Packaged in a tidy grey box, it contains its own synthesiser, making a completely independent of SID. It enables you to play and record the melody line of a song and arrange an accompaniment for it. A phone and a man (chip) voices provide that push-to-a-SID-unit or headphones.

Control of the program is through a series of menus and movement through the screen is with the function keys. The QWERTY key causes a Help message to pop up at the top of the screen and you can choose the language in which you want the messages to appear. English, French, German or Italian. I divided out in first out of 1 note single, triplet and chord English. My Buggy was one of the first in the UK and the demonstration books had not been printed but I was able to see all its features quite easily. Very user-friendly as they say.

Music is entered from a piano-style keyboard and the program supports a variety of three Self's main city-on-keyboard, similar to Commodore's main keyboard, is supplied with the Buggy and you can use either of these. Self's follow-on, CSiK 48, keyboard is a smaller plug-in keyboard.

Having chosen your language and keyboard you can opt for a Demo or become instantly creative and go to the Main Menu which displays five options. End of job, MIDI features, Play, Drum Operations and Song Menu.

The Song Menu shows which songs are in memory and nine job names are already there ranging from waltz and big band tunes to disco and latin american numbers.

The SONG-EDIT screen, which is the main display, is entered when you select a song or the Play option. It is divided into five sections. The top two lists the song number and name and underneath are four windows which display the following information: the selected sound parameters, the selected accompaniment patterns, the



**Ian Waugh was one of the first in this country to try Self's Sound Buggy. Here are his thoughts and comments...**

lyrics, name, number and tempo, and the sequencer screen showing what you are playing and recording.

Instruments are constructed from organ-like footage settings: 16, 8, 4 and 2, which range in amplitude from 0 to 31. Envelope (ADSR — Attack Decay Sustain Release) parameters can be varied through eight settings. Its solo sounds are included for you but can be altered (organ, accordion, vibes, piano, electric). It can be stored in total.

The accompaniment section consists of the accompaniment — honest, whimsical, transparent and wryness are self explanatory (aren't they?). Melody sounds a full chord with each melody note. Teach lets you form your own chords and it allows you to play one finger chords from the lower half of the QWERTY keyboard. The bass and chord parts are recorded together at this point but they can be individually selected for output. Shorten plays the bass and chord parts in a rhythmic wrapper to complement the rhythm section.

You can store up to 24 rhythms in the rhythm section and 14 examples are already programmed including disco, funk, samba, tango, march and swing beats. Patterns are constructed from five melodic drums sounds — bass, snare, tom and two cymbals — and are programmed across a matrix of dots which are turned on or off by pressing a key. The fact that the patterns can be seen as well as heard makes it very easy to invent new rhythms. This is great fun and

recommended to all would-be drummers everywhere.

The final window, the sequencer, is used to select the parts you want to play and record, the solo part on the accompaniment. From here the composition can be made to loop continuously.

The final menu, the MIDI menu, provides a mapping done on the big world of interfacing. To use this you also need a MIDI interface, such as Self's or IOW, and a keyboard with MIDI sockets which, once plugged in, can also be used to control the Buggy. The music sections of the Buggy can be assigned to different channels and program numbers so the connections will play through four separate MIDI keyboards. The effect is absolutely terrific. For the non-so-rich among us, a single keyboard will play back all our one notes which is still terrific and a multi-instrument instrument such as Casio's CZ-100 or CZ-1000 will play each part with a different voice — from voice levels.

The Sound Buggy is fun, easy to use and it sounds good. If you want more than SID can offer, take the Sound Buggy for a test drive.

**Price: £99**

**Publisher: Self (UK) Ltd**

Address: Alfred Jones, Bingley Rd, Huddersfield, Wetherby, Surrey RH6 6AY

**Box**





# RON COMPLEX RON COMPLEX RON COMPLEX



**Ron Complex, the outsider, finds himself inside in this inside-out episode of our serial that makes eternity seem like a coffee-break**

Ron stood in the dock of an enormous court room waiting for the engineers to finish repairing the judge.

Ron had never seen the inside of a judge before but he was getting a good view of the inside of justice as the engineers hurriedly re-assembled Judge 2, a Mark IV Data Robot Judge. The technicians had been called in after Judge 1 sentenced a man to 25000 years hard labour for sneezing in a public place.

The last screw was fitted and the two concerned men stood back and looked at the million-year metal figure. "Something's wrong," he doesn't look right," said one. "I know what it is, we forgot to put his wir back in," said

the other.

Quickly they glued down the wir on the judge's glowing dome and waited. He's taking a long time to warm up." "Yes I think we'll have to apply the rapid ignition strategy," Ron said.

Now give the judge a sharp tap on the side of the head and the robot's eyes lit up.

Lovely job lads, we've got a robot, thank you very much before lunchtime."

The technicians rushed out of the courtroom, leaving the judge whirring and humming as he prepared the brief for Ron's case with his telegraphic brain eyes.

This court is now in session," droned the dumb judge. "Ron Complex, you stand accused of breaking into the Amalgamated

Construction Building and rummaging around its contents since a filling cabinet. How do you plead?"

"Guilty, metalhead," snapped Ron. "I'm not going to be tried by some heap of junk. Find me a flesh and blood judge. Until then I stay silent."

Contempt of court. You are hereby sentenced to five years in a maximum security prison on a diet of wholemeal bread and Porrier water. Case dismissed."

As Ron was being leaded out of court he saw the judge pick up a phone. "I just thought you would like to

know that I have done what is required. I look forward to receiving the Marksmen's sideways NOM and on the Non-Judge that will trigger my memory register."

"Marko doesn't leave any thing to chance," thought Ron, "he's even got the judge in his pocket. It's amazing what a machine will do when tormented with a peripheral."

Ron heard the cell door slam behind him. Luckily brought something to read with me," thought Ron as he pulled paper from inside his. Only. Within a few moments he was escorted to Garage 6 and One Way to Escape from Prison by R. J. Martin.

No 1. Time to an idle but, guide that has been tried with success on many occasions. Step 1 lie on your back and wriggle it. Step 2 shout to the guard that you are in pain. Step 3 overpower the guard and make good your escape. Simple, eh? Don't listen to all that talk about weapons, try this method today to avoid unpleasant meat."

Okay, let's give it a shot, thought Ron, sitting down for a while. Moments later Ron heard a knock on the door. Without thinking he got up to answer it.

"You are named soon, top," said a voice from the other side of the door. A hatch flew open and Ron saw a shadowy face. "We weren't born yesterday you know." The guard held up a book on the cover were the words "One Hundred and One Ways of Thwarting Escape With R. J. Martin."

Next week: The Hundred and second way.



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